THE TIMES
Delivered at your home, 25 cents per week.

Victoria Times.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, JULY 27, 1894. No. 181

. . . AT MIDNIGHT . . .
We will fill your prescriptions as cheerfully and carefully as at mid-day. C. E. Jones, P.P.P.P., 86 Government St. Always open

RINGS.

RINGS

Children's Rings
Birthday Rings
Friendship Rings
Engagement Rings
Wedding Rings

RINGS

In all the latest designs at

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
Manufacturing Jewellers, 47 Government St.

PERRIN'S

GLOVES

A Few Facts About Kid Gloves.

THERE is no article in the Dry Goods trade more difficult to handle satisfactorily than Kid Gloves. Let the following facts be borne in mind:

Kid Skins and Lamb Skins

are not manufactured to order in a loom where the material, the weave, the weight, and the strength, can be controlled; they grow on animals, subject to change of weather, of food, and of other conditions such as cause the variety we see in nature.

The manufacturer has to depend on the honesty, ability, and care of his work-people in the selection and manipulation of the skins, and they, like all human beings, often err.

A nice kid glove is the most important part of a ladies' dress.
We have made our KID GLOVE department very large and complete. We have stuck to well known and reliable makers and kept the same brand for years. We have Blacks, Tans, Browns and Greys in stock, both in Bretagne, Lacing and Stud fastenings. Every pair fully warranted when correct size is purchased.

THE WESTSIDE.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

DEB'S ORIGINAL INTENTION

He Did Not Want Railway Employees to Refrain From Handling Pullman's.

Oakland Union at Last Leaves the Members Free to Return to Work.

Massillon, Ohio, July 27.—President McBride of the United Mine Workers said to-day in regard to the railway strike that the original intention of Debs was to declare a boycott on Pullman cars and ask the public not to patronize them without ordering the railway hands to refrain from handling them. On learning this, he said, the railway managers at once declared war on the union, compelling them to strike in self-defence. He predicted a union of labor organizations with the Populists before the next presidential election that would insure success at the polls.

Chicago, July 27.—It is rumored that the Pullman company will, as a last resort, begin a wholesale eviction of the strikers. The company expected to starve them out, but union labor in Chicago is providing all the necessary food, and it is given out that food will be provided until the trouble is settled. The policy to be pursued by the company will probably be determined at the regular annual meeting of the directors and stockholders to be held in August.

Oakland, Cal., July 27.—The local branch of the A. R. U. last night declared the strike off. It does not cause the slightest ripple in railroad or business circles, for the reason that it has been off practically for more than a week. It is generally understood that only those who had reason to believe that they would not again be employed by the railroad company, persisted in holding out.

A BOLD SWINDLER.

Representing Himself to be a Company's Route Agent he Secures Remittances.

Chicago, July 27.—A swindler has visited scores of offices of the U. S. Express company, representing himself to be the route agent and the visited offices have been deprived of blank money orders and the agents' remittances. Forty-eight blank money orders, most of which were filled out at $50 and cashed, and many valuable remittances have been secured. Until the agents make full reports the extent of the forgeries will not be known. An official of the company said: "He was very bold. We actually cashed some of the forged orders in the main office here. So well was the work done that it would have been almost an impossibility to have discovered the true nature of the forged orders until a comparison of the series numbers was made."

AN INHUMAN COUPLE.

Resort to Fire to Rid Themselves of a Child.

Parkersburg, W. Va., July 27.—An inhuman act is reported from the forest region up the little Kanawha river. A man named Valentine who is married and has a family and Mrs. Jacob Trader, a widow, both residing on Starr Creek, Calhoun county, have been keeping company for some time. Last week they resolved to leave the country. What seemed to them a hindrance to their plans was Mrs. Trader's four-year-old daughter. They, therefore, set to work to rid themselves of the child. They took the little girl to the woods, tied her fast to a tree and set the brush about her on fire. Then they disappeared and have not been heard of since. The child was found by the neighbors and was released before the fire reached her. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the inhuman couple.

AMERICAN NEWS.

Miners and Deputies Have Another Fight in Pennsylvania.

Lafayette, Ind., July 27.—By a collision on the Wabash near here last night between an engine and a freight train two persons were killed and several injured.

Washington, D. C., July 27.—There was a slim attendance in the galleries of the senate when it assembled to-day. Gorman and Vilas were on hand early. There was an entire absence of the expectancy that has pervaded the senate during the early part of the week, and matters have apparently settled down to routine. After transacting routine business the conference report on the army appropriation bill was taken up.

Indiana, Pa., July 27.—In a fight between the strikers of the Glen Campbell mines and deputies to-day it is reported several persons were seriously injured.

Camden, N. J., July 27.—A body of Coxeyites under the leadership of Carl Brown arrived last night, en route to New York.

St. Louis, July 27.—A negro named Duncan was hanged to-day for the murder of Police Officer Brady in 1890.

Brooklyn, July 27.—The general term of the supreme court to-day handed down its decision sustaining the conviction of McKane, the Coney island exchief of police.

Celina, Ohio, July 27.—By a fire last night the business portion of the town was burned. Loss, one hundred thousand.

Denver, Colo., July 27.—The A.R.U. has declared the strike off.

To Amend the Shipping Law.

San Francisco, July 27.—Andrew Furuseth, secretary of the seamen's union of the Pacific, has returned from Washington, where he was lobbying in the interests of the bill he wishes congress to pass. At present the ship owners' association will take no sailors in its coasting vessels unless they sign before a United States shipping commissioner. This puts the sailors under the United States shipping laws and makes a sailor who deserts in a domestic port liable to imprisonment for six months. The coast seamen want the clauses stricken out. Furuseth says he has every reason to believe that the request of the sailors will be granted.

TOO FAMILIAR.

A Zoological Garden Bear Resents the Caresses of a Lady.

Philadelphia, July 27.—Mrs. Annie Friese, of 1309 Sansome street, had her right forearm amputated to-day, as the result of patting one of the bears at the Zoological gardens. Mrs. Friese, with her mother and sister-in-law, went to the Zoo yesterday and passed the afternoon in viewing with interest the various forms of animal life there. After feeding the monkeys and jeeting with the seals, their steps, unfortunately, strayed toward the bear pit. At first the party threw peanuts to the members of the pits, but finally determined to look at the bears from a nearer point of view. They descended the steps to the lower ground and found themselves directly back of the bear pits, separated from the animals only by a few iron bars and by a semi-circular bar. Even this approximate did not satisfy Mrs. Friese and she accordingly climbed over the railing and began to pat one of the bears on the head. The animal seemed to relish the operation and Mrs. Friese, turning to her sister-in-law, said: "Come over here and see how soft he is." The animal evidently resented this slur upon his character, for he shut his jaws upon the caressing arm and held on like grim death. The agonizing cries of Mrs. Friese and the shrieks of her frightened companions speedily brought two of the keepers to the spot, but they were unable to pry open the beast's jaws and were forced to drag out the arm by main force. Mrs. Friese, half fainting from fright and loss of blood, was taken to her carriage and driven as quickly as possible to the Jefferson Medical College hospital, where it was deemed necessary to amputate the arm at the elbow. The patient was resting quietly late last night.

MISS WELLS' CRUSADE.

Governor Northern Says it is Inspired by Land Boomers.

Atlanta, Ga., July 27.—Governor Northern is in receipt of letters and newspaper clippings, not only from nearly every town in England but from Asia and Africa, in relation to the charges made by Ida Wells, accusing the southern people of the wholesale lynching of negroes. Many of them approve the recent refutation of the woman's charges by the governor, but many letters ask for information.

"One does not need to go too far," said Governor Northern to-day, "to discover the inspiration of such crusades as Miss Wells is now making. These outbursts are periodical, and always precede some studied effort to boom the west. The syndicates of New England have millions of money bound up in western mortgages, cities have been built up whose existence depends on continual immigration on whom the present holders may unload immense tracts of land belonging to these people through concessions for railroad building. Periodically they have to boom immigration, so as to fill up the country and thus maintain established institutions and sell their lands. If immigration was to turn southward the mortgaged lands in Kansas and the railroad lands would lose their value. Hence there is a great deal of studied business and sharpness in getting up the negro scare about the south. This literature is translated into the various European languages and finds its way into the hands of Mehamets. About the same time they are supplied with a good supply of gaudily colored maps and pamphlets describing the wonderful possibilities of the west. Miss Wells is not getting the hearing on her account. There are astute people behind her who time all her actions.'

SENATOR FOLEY SHOT.

The Woman Who Did the Shooting Declines to Make a Statement.

Reno, Nev., July 27.—Mrs. W. A. Hartley, who shot and killed State Senator M. D. Foley last night, still declines to make any statement as to the circumstances which led to the shooting. The murdered mann was president of the Bank of Nevada, had been a delegate to several national Republican conventions and was commissioner from Nevada to the Mid-winter Fair.

ANOTHER APPEAL.

The Blythe Will Case Still Pending in the California Courts.

San Francisco, July 27.—The appeal of Alice Edith Blythe from the order denying her a new trial in the Blythe case has just been filed in the Supreme court. The appellant claims that the alleged paternity of the deceased millionaire, for Florence Blythe was thoroughly confuted and that she has proved that Joseph James Ashcroft was the father of Florence.

A Triple Murder.

Los Angeles, Cal., July 27.—John Craig, the man who murdered three people and fatally wounded a fourth, passed his second night in jail in a peaceful sleep, and is apparently cheerful this morning. He refuses to talk now about the affair of it all. The funeral of the three victims will be held to-morrow. The fourth victim, George Hunter, is still alive, but there is little hope of his recovery.

Hawaiian Affairs.

Washington, D. C., July 27.—The mail from Hawaii was received at the state and navy departments to-day. There was no official communication from Willis with regard to proclaiming Hawaii a republic, and the formal announcement from him which is deemed requisite to enable this government to recognize the republic is still wanting. A letter from Admiral Walker contains a report of the survey of Pearl harbor and an estimate of the expenditure required.

WAR HAS BEEN DECLARED

Chinese Agents in London Notified That Japan and China Will Fight.

Official Notice Also Received at Washington—Japs Sink Transports.

Shanghai, July 27.—The statement that war has been declared between China and Japan is confirmed by dispatches from Lloyds. The statement is now generally accepted as true. The fight in which Japan was victorious, and where a number of Chinese transports were sunk, was fought on Wednesday. The Chinese loss was great.

London, July 26.—The Central News says: "According to information late this evening important developments are imminent in Korea." Its dispatch from Shanghai says: "War has been declared between Japan and China. The Japanese have seized the King of Korea and hold him prisoner. Eleven Chinese steamers are on their way to Korea. Most of the troops aboard them are coolies armed with bows and arrows. Some Chinese steamers which have arrived at Korea have been prevented by the Japanese from landing troops. It is reported that the Japanese artillery sank several of them."

Washington, D. C., July 27.—A dispatch to the navy department says the Corean king has been taken prisoner by the Japanese and marines have been landed from the Baltimore to protect the American legation at Seoul.

London, July 27.—Agents of the Chinese government have received a dispatch confirming the statement that war has been declared between China and Japan.

San Francisco, July 25.—Prominent Japanese residents held a meeting tonight to consider the probable war between Japan and China. It was decided to raise $10,000 to assist the Japanese army. The announcement was made after the meeting that if necessary four thousand Japanese of California are willing to arm at their own expense and fight for their country.

London, July 27.—On the stock exchange Japanese securities fell three points and Chinese one.

A dispatch received by the Peninsular & Oriental Steamamp company says positively war between China and Japan has been declared and hostilities have commenced.

Washington, July 27.—Neither the state department nor the Japanese nor Chinese embassies have any news of the declaration of war between China and Japan.

AMERICAN NEWS.

To-Day's Events in the Various States to the South.

Washington, July 27.—Inventor Harris, one of the people badly burned in the Knox building fire, has been arrested on suspicion of having caused the fire. Harris was in the building working on an old gasoline motor at the time of the fire. He denies this.

During the consideration of the conference report of the appropriation bill, Blackburn charged the Republicans with trying to delay the appropriation bills. This brought out vigorous protests from Hawley and Hale, and after some exciting passages with Blackburn the report went over. The conference report on the tariff bill was taken up and the debate on Gray's point of order against Washburn's motion to have the conferees recede from the differential duty on sugar was at once begun.

Washburn's appeal was sustained and his motion to strike out the differential duty of one-eighth on sugar was voted on and defeated. The tariff bill was then taken back to the conference and the same conferees were appointed.

Gran Forks, N. D., July 27.—Democrats in convention last night voted to fuse with the Populists.

New York, July 27.—Wall street stocks quiet and slightly changed.

Benicia, Cal., July 27.—A destructive fire occurred here at 3 a.m. It burned Teale & Parker's store and factory and two adjoining buildings. The loss is about $25,000.

CABLE NEWS.

Clemencean Wounds His Opponent in this Morning's Duel.

Paris, July 27.—Deputies Clemenceau and Deschanel fought a duel with swords to-day. Clemenceau pierced the cheek of his antagonist. The wound is a painful one.

St. Petersburg, July 27.—A steamer ran down and sank a ferry boat near Gredno to-day. Fourteen passengers were drowned and eleven fatally crushed in the collision.

London, July 27.—The Britannia, Vigilant and Satanita are among the yachts that will race in to-morrow's regatta at Penzance.

Wreckage washed ashore at Whitby, England, to-day, affords ground for the assumption that two vessels collided during the night.

Toulon, July 27.—The torpedo boat Audacieux was badly damaged in a collision with a cruiser to-day. It was found necessary to beach her to keep her from sinking.

Belgrade, July 27.—Earthquakes have occurred in parts of Bulgaria. In Varna a number of persons were killed.

Loyal Orangemen.

London, July 27.—The triennial sittings of the English Grand Lodge of Orangemen opened on Wednesday at Westminster hall. Among the colonial delegates were Clarke Wallace and Sam Hughes, M. P. Major Saunderson welcomed the delegates. Orangemen, he said, had sought to interfere with nobody in the matter of religious rights, but claimed equal liberty for all. He declared that no man deserving the name of Orangeman would consent to accept the Irish parliament. (Cheers.) Delegate Pitts of Canada, proposed the toast to the memory of William III.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MORRIS, THE LEADING TOBACCONIST, will be open at 6:30 to-morrow morning for the sale of excursion tickets to Seattle.

Paisley Steam Dye Works,

116 YATES ST,

Between Douglas and Blanchard, Victoria, B. C. The undersigned has refitted the dye works with all the latest improvements, and is prepared to do all kinds of dyeing and renovating. Lace curtains dyed and cleaned; sheepskins done at the shortest notice; feathers, gloves and ladies' wear a specialty; French and dry cleaning; gents clothes cleaned or dyed at the shortest notice. Goods called for and delivered.

JAMES ALLISON.

Victoria & Sidney Ry.

Trains Will Leave Hillside Avenue for . . . . . .

SIDNEY

at 9 a.m. and 2 p.m. on

SATURDAY

Sunday train at 2 p.m. Fare 50 cents.

Auction of Jewellery

Continued afternoon and Evening this week, but on

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Great Slaughter Sales

Will be held, at which every article offered will be sold, absolutely no matter what it brings. This is necessary on account of the great expense of a prolonged sale. Our positive instructions are to sell in order to clear. Attend these sales; they will be the greatest unreserved sales of Jewellery ever held here.

On Friday and Saturday Only

at 7 p.m and at 11, 2 and 7 respectively.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Auctioneers.

To Contractors and Builders. : : :

For Sale at $1.40 per M.

One Million first-class Cedar Shingles. These Shingles are the best ever offered in Victoria; will lay 20 inches more per bunch than any other on the market.

Lumber still at low rates.

Ewen Morrison, Proprietor,
Rock Bay Lumber Yard.

Open for Business.

The Northern Pacific railroad is now open for business to all points east and south. Passengers ticketed through to all points in Canada, the United States and Europe. Office, Adelphi building, Government street. E. E. Blackwood, ticket agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WHAT THE MINERS BUY.

Queer Things Kept in the General Stores in the Coke Regions.

Every merchant is guided more or less in the purchase of his supplies by the character of his customers, but the men who run the general stores in the coke regions of Pennsylvania have more peculiar ideas to meet than is the lot of the average storekeeper. These stores are all controlled by the owners of the mines, says the New York Sun, and it is alleged that some of them force their men to buy from them exclusively. The profits of these stores are undoubtedly large, although the prices at some of them at least are lower than they are in the usual country stores.

The unique feature of the wares carried in these stores are the enormous feather beds, Polish and Hungarian headdresses, heavy boots for the women as well as the men, and all sorts of gaudy shawls and dress stuffs. Among the special provisions these stores supply are highly seasoned sausages and hams, such as are found in the Hungarian and Polish quarters of this town. The Poles are much more extravagant than the Huns and buy much better and higher priced goods. The Huns buy the cheapest kind of meat, of which they make their goulashes. They do not buy very much of anything in the way of provisions, however, relying largely upon their gardens for vegetables, and occasionally killing one of their ducks or geese. The Poles, on the contrary, rely very little upon their own efforts, although they also have good gardens, but purchase the best food that the stores have.

Very few of the purchasers pay cash. Instead they secure from their foreman tickets for various amounts. They are presented at the stores in payment for supplies, and the clerks mark on them the amounts of their purchases. When the whole of a ticket has been contracted for it is taken up by the clerk of the store.

The Victoria schooner Shelby, Captain Searle, left Sitka for the north on July 15th.

PASSENGERS.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—A T Cook, L Boswal, C D Stevens, E L Peeky, Mrs Peeky, Mr Jacobs, Mrs Jacobs, John Carrall, C Weir, Gus Otterson, Mrs Pendry, C Peary, Alex Johnson, Miss Martin.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Victoria Dray Co, Cochrane & Munn, Lenz & Leiser, H C Beeton & Co, Hy Young & Co, B Van Volkenburg, A Smith, W H Clark.

Per Str. Umatilla from San Francisco—A & W Wilson, Albion Iron Works, A McGregor & Sons, Allice & Ault, Colonist Pub Co, C H & Co, Canada Paint Co, C Morley, D H Ross & Co, D E Campbell, E & V Ry Co, Dunlop, Weh & Co, E W Jones, Full & Co, Govt Ptg Office, Geo G Rooklidge, Gam Fook Yuen, Hudson Bay Co, H Clay, H A Lilley, H & B, J & A Clearihue, J B Taylor, J H Todd & Co, J A Montgomery, J Barnsley & Co, Lenz & Leiser, L. White & Co, M Bantley, Marvin & Tilton, O & V, Okell & Morris, Province Pub Co, P & L, Robt Ward & Co, R Baker & Son, S Leiser, Lenz & Leiser, Speed Bros, S M Hartman, St Joseph Hospital, Thos Earle, Valo & Brooks, V & E Tel Co, Wilson Bros, Yuen Lung, Ying Chong Lung, V & R, A & M, Chas Anderson, C S Philp, F R Stewart, McM & H, S L & Co, W & R, Balaria Camilla, Westminster F Creamery, Wells Fargo & Co.

EUROPEAN ECHOES.

The Imperial Federation Scheme—The Lords on the Budget.

Paris, July 26.—Meunier, the hump-back anarchist associate of Ravachol, was put on trial to-day for having blown up the cafe Very in the spring of 1892. Meunier is supposed to have blown up the cafe to avenge Ravachol, who had been arrested by the police, and L'Herot, the waiter. To-day neither Madame nor L'Herot were able to identify Meunier. Madame Bricou, however, gave damaging evidence against the prisoner. The taking of testimony was concluded at six o'clock this evening, when the presiding judge adjourned the case for half an hour. M. Desplats, counsel for the defence, requested an adjournment until to-morrow but it was refused.

London, July 26.—Sir John Lubbock presided in the London Chamber of Commerce this evening over a meeting of the branch of the Imperial Federation League. He welcomed the Canadian delegates heartily. Col. George C. Denison, of Toronto, then spoke of the importance of maintaining the unity of the empire. Canada, he said, was absolutely true to England and would resolutely fight against any movement to annex her to the United States. Great enmity was felt in the United States toward Great Britain. Only the better educated and higher classes there were friendly. The peace was maintained only through fear of the British navy and half a million Canadians. In the event that France and Russia should combine against England the United States would join them. This emphisized the necessity of federation, Canada was prepared to make great sacrifices but she expected help from England. In conclusion Mr. Denison urged a system of preferential tariffs between Great Britain and her colonies. The motion of Sir F. Young to appoint a committee to consider the best course to pursue was carried against some opposition.

In the house of lords to-day Lord Rosebery formally moved the second reading of the budget bill. The Duke of Devonshire said that he would have liked to move an amendment to the bill, but he could not allow it to pass without endeavoring to obtain from the government some information as to what they expected to get from a measure which sought to impoverish the rich while increasing the burdens of those depending upon them. The Duke of Argyle contended that the peers had the same right to amend money bills as to alter any other bills that had passed the house of commons. He proceeded to argue that the bill taxed capital instead of income, and was therefore unjust to the capitalist and landlord, and would tend to bring about a general financial disorder.

Lord Herschel said he had never doubted that the lords could reject money bills; but that the right had not been exercised in two centuries, and it was a question whether it was constitutional now. The consequence of exercising the right to alter money bills at this time might be more serious to the peers than any effect that the measure itself could have.

The bill then passed its second reading without division.

A COOL TEN THOUSAND.

A Titled Foreigner Commences Early to Spend his Bride's Allowance.

Saratoga, N. Y., July 26.—A German prince, whose marriage to the daughter of a New York millionaire in Paris a few years ago will be recalled by the social world, has for some time been here with his wife, occupying a suite of rooms in the Grand Union hotel. Since his arrival he has seldom been seen about the hotel, taking his meals in his apartments and living quietly until a few days ago, when the habitues of the Saratoga club, the swell club house on Congress street, the palatial gambling resort founded by John Morrissey, were amazed at the heavy play made by a small blonde stranger. He was recognized finally, and the frequenters of the club watched his play with the greatest interest. Roulette appeared to have the greatest fascination for him, and for hours he would sit by the wheel, while the croupier droned and the little ball spun rythmically in its wooden circle. Tuesday evening the prince entered the club house shortly after ten o'clock and was soon at his favorite game. The other tables were soon deserted, for the prince plays high and stakes hundreds on every turn of the wheel. He was in luck, and won $2900 in a short time. He declined to cash in, remarking to the croupier that the money could stand to his credit and that he would return. Manager Canfield had heard of the prince, and shortly after his arrival here they had a talk, at which it was agreed that the prince should have a credit of $10,000 and that he should not go beyond that limit. After winning the $2,900 on Wednesday evening the prince went out, but returned shortly after midnight, and the highest play ever seen here ensued. From the start the amount wagered was startling, the play finally getting up to $1000 at each turn of the wheel. The prince had lost his $2,900, but the fickle goddess became conciliated, and in a short time he had won back his $2,900 and $5,000 besides. Every other table in the house was deserted, and the roulette layout, at which the prince was playing, was surrounded by a hundred men. The prince was the coolest man present. The click of the chips, the spin of the ball as it whirred in inevitable rounds, and the call of the croupier alone broke the stillness. At one time each turn of the wheel meant one thousand dollars to the prince or the manager, and the onlookers watched the game with bated breath. The croupiers were changed three or four times without breaking his luck, and he was many thousands ahead of the game when he began to lose. The game fluctuated; sometimes the prince's star would be in the ascendant and then the house would win. Finally he lost his winning and $10,000 into the bargain. This was the limit which had been agreed upon, but by some error Northup, the croupier in charge, gave the prince an extra $1,000 worth of chips. He did not wager the entire amount, but put enough down on the red to win $900. Then Northup noticed that the limit had been exceeded, and called the prince's attention to it. The prince wanted to continue, but Northup declined, and finally sent for Manager Canfield. The latter tried to reason with the warm blooded foreigner. "Let me play what I've got here," pleaded the prince. Canfield was obdurate, and the prince, wild with anger, seized the roulette outfit, turned it upside down and sent the checks shivering over the floor. This created a great sensation. Every effort was made and is still being made to keep the details of the affair from the police. The prince returned to his quarters $8,400 behind the game.

The incident was seen by a number of prominent New Yorkers who were in the club house at the time. Manager Canfield denies that there was any unpleasantness and says that the prince was at the club house this afternoon. He was not there this evening and could not be found about the Grand Union. The high play of the prince and the sensational ending of the game early this morning are the chief topics of discussion everywhere.

NOT A RICH MAN.

The Murdered President of France a Very Poor Man.

New York, July 26.—A dispatch from Paris says the executors of the estate of the late President Sadi Carnot made an official report to-day of their final inventory, and the official statement is the subject of universal comment about the boulevards and in political circles. It had generally been supposed that the murdered president was well endowed with the world's goods, but the opposite proves to be the case. Although his salary as president of the republic has been regarded not only as ample for all emergencies, but also to leave a fair balance for savings or investment, it transpires that the late president not only lived up to every dollar of his official income, but also drew upon the returns from some small holdings of real estate in order to maintain what he regarded as the dignity of his position. The balance to his account in bank on the day of his assassination was less than 40,000 francs, or in the neighborhood f $8,000, not more than sufficient, based on the current expenses of the Elysee for the past year, to provide for the requirements of the executive mansion for a couple of weeks. In the face of these disclosures the self-sacrifice of Madame Carnot in absolutely refusing a pension of $5000 a year suggested by the cabinet council is universally commented upon. The widow of the murdered president to-day took possession of the apartments engaged for her on the Rue St. Honore, which she will occupy until the flat leased at 14 A Avenue de Alma by the late president in anticipation of his retirement at the end of his term, has been decorated and furnished. It is estimated that the real estate of the late president will yield a revenue of $1000 yearly. Outside of this the widow of the late president has nothing to depend on until the death of her mother, Mme. Dupont-White, who has an income of $10,000 per annum. This at her death, according to French law, will be equally divided between Mme. Carnot and her sister, Mme. David. The committee of members of the senate and chamber of deputies will wait upon the widow of the murdered president early in the coming week and will urge a reconsideration of her refusal to accept the pension proffered by the cabinet council.

NEWFOUNDLAND CORRUPTION.

Ex-Premier Whiteway and Ex-Secretary Bond Are Disqualified.

St. John's, Nfld., July 25.—The Trinity election case, the most important of the whole series entered against the late Whiteway government, inasmuch as Sir William Whiteway, late premier, and Hon. Robert Bond, late colonial secretary and chief lieutenant, were accused of securing election by corrupt practices, was completed to-day. Both were found guilty and were sentenced to be unseated form their places in the assembly and disqualified from contesting any election during the continuation of the present legislature, or four years. Mr. James Walton, the junior member for the Trinity district and colleague of Sir William Whiteway and Hon. Robert Bond, was also unseated, but it was shown that he was ignorant of the practices of his colleagues. Judgment was based on the grounds that Sir William Whiteway and Hon. Robert Bond had authorized the expenditure of large amounts of money for public works, roads, bridges, etc., during the fortnight preceding the election, without having any legal authority to take such a course; that they allocated sundry small sums, ranging from $10 to $40, to private parties to build or repair private roads to fishing places, etc., and that such expenditures altogether occasioned the employment of hundreds of men immediately before the election. The judge decided that this constituted bribery and rendered a fair election impossible. The whole expenditure of the district was $42,000.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

GOOD,
BETTER,
BEST,

"The name tells the story."

are words to express comparative degrees of merit. E. B. EDDY'S Matches are above any comparison.

The best are

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

NOTICE OF SALE BY SHERIFF.

Pursuant to "Execution Against Lands Act, 1874."

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

John W. Mellor, Plaintiff; John W. Carter, Defendant.

In obedience to a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, at Victoria, on the 18th day of June, 1894, and to me directed in the above named suit for the sum of $954.94, and $3.50 for costs of execution, etc., together with interest on the said sum at six per centum per annum from the 19th day of May, 1894, besides Sheriff's poundage, fees, and other expenses of this execution, I have seized and will sell at public auction in front of my office, Court House, Bastion St., Victoria, on Friday, 17th day of August, 1894, at 12 o'clock noon, the interest of the said John W. Carter in the lands as described in this advertisement or sufficient thereof to satisfy the said judgment and expenses.

District.	No. of Lot.	Concise description of property.	Estate or Interest.
Victoria City.	Lot 81, situate on Rae Street.	Two-story house and out-houses; assessed value, $3,200.	Estate in fee, subject to incumbrances.
	Lot 90, Kane St.	Two-story house and out-houses; assessed value, $2,000.	

When to be sold.	Where to be sold.
Friday, August 17th, 1894.	At the Sheriff's Office, Court House, Bastion street, Victoria.

J. E. McMILLAN, Sheriff.
Victoria, B. C., 25th July, 1894.

LAND REGISTRY OFFICE, Victoria, 25th day of July, 1894, 12:10 o'clock p.m.

I hereby certify as follows:

1. That, excepting judgments (if any), the following are the only charges registered or applied for against lots 81 and 90, Victoria City, the title to which is registered in the name of J. W. Carter, viz:

Against part of lot 81 and lot 90, Victoria City:

19th January, 1891.—J. W. Carter to Henry P. Bell, mortgage in fee to secure payment of the sum of $4,500 on (or before) the 19th January, 1894, and interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, as therein mentioned. (Registered in Charge Book, Vol. 9, Fol. 466, No. 9,032B.)

Against part (60x50 ft.) of lot 81, Victoria City:

23rd July, 1892.—John William Carter to the North British-Canadian Investment Company, Limited, mortgage in fee to secure payment of the sum of $1,500 on or before the 23rd July, 1895, and interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum. (Registered in C. B., Vol. 11, Fol. 175, No. 13,021B.)

2. That the following judgments appear registered against all the real estate of John William Carter, viz:

Judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained 17th May, 1894, by George Philip Weller, Charles Weller, Otto Weller, and Joseph William Weller, carrying on business at Victoria, B. C., under the firm name and style of Weller Bros., against John William Carter for $192.86 debt, and $56.41 costs. Registered 17th May, 1894, at 12:30 p.m., No. 299.

Judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained 28th May, 1894, by Henry Timothy Plett against John William Carter for $210 debt, and $31.57 costs. Registered the 28th May, 1894, at 12:40 p.m., No. 306.

3. That the following judgment appears registered against all the real estate of John W. Carter, viz:

Judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained by Jno. W. Mellor against John W. Carter the 19th May, 1894, for $970.44 debt, and $25 costs, and registered 19th May, 1894, at 12:20 p.m., No. 301.

(L. S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

SHERIFF McMILLAN,
Victoria, B. C. jly26

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B.C., March 16, 894.

RUPTURE
More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

KEEPS YOU IN HEALTH.
DUNN'S FRUIT SALINE
DELIGHTFULLY REFRESHING.
A safeguard against infectious diseases. Sold by chemists throughout the world. W. G. DUNN & CO. Works—Croydon, England.
LANGLEY & CO., Victoria, Agents for B.C.

Argyle House.

We are Clearing Out the Following Lines of Goods:

A lot of Ladies' Parasols at cost price.
Ladies' Belts at cost price.
Childrens' Stockings reduced from 25c., 20c., and 15c., to 10c. a pair.
Boy's heavy ribbed Cotton Stockings reduced from 25c. to 15c.
A lot of Ladies' Jerseys at cost price.
All our stock of single width Dress Goods at cost.
Ladies' Beaded Capes below cost.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

Ladies' Undervests 10c. each, Childrens' Undervests 10c. each.
Ladies' Corsets 50c. a pair.
White quilts 90c. each.
Curtain Net for long curtains, taped and scollaped, 7 yds. for $1.00.
Lace Curtains taped and scollaped 50c. a pair.
Toilet Covers, white and with colored border, 25c. each.
White Calico, 20 yds. for $1.00.
Unbleached Calico, 20 yds. for $1.00.
Heavy White Sheeting, 20c. a yard.
Unbleached Sheeting, 20c. a yard.
Canton Flannel, 14 yds. for $1.00.
Glass Cloth, 12 yds. for $1.00.
Czech Toweling, 14 yds. for $1.00.
Silecia Dress Lining, 3 yds. for 25c.
Table Linen, 20c. a yard.
Brooks' Sewing Cotton, best quality, 35c. a doz.
White Checked Muslins, 12 yds. for $1.00.
Black and Colored Cashmeres, 25c. a yd.

REMNANTS

Of Dress Goods, Ginghams, Prints, Embroideries, Ribbons, etc., cheaper than ever before.

J. Horner & Co.

88 DOUGLAS STREET.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

Upstairs, Corner of Government and Yates Streets, VICTORIA, B. C.

ALL CLASSES OF LITHOGRAPHED WORK

Maps, Cheques, Drafts, Bill Heads, Letter Heads, Note Heads, Labels, Wedding & Visiting Cards,

Fine Colored Work a Specialty.

VISITING CARDS
Printed from Copper Plates and Stone.

PORTRAITS
Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,
W. R. CREECH, Manager.

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG, Proprietor.
my28-4m

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Real Estate.

TO LEASE—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 5-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stable, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 205 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post-office, blacksmith shop, cheese factory, all within 1 and two miles. Price, $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, with house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x185 EACH. Spring St position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650 or singly $225 each. Postoffice box 361.

A. WILLIAMS,
5 Store Street Opposite Railway Station

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of labourers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly, by combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing

JOHN DODD,
Nanaimo, B. C.
jel-tf-d&w

Coal! Coal! Coal!
And Wood.

We are still supplying the BEST Coal and Wood in the market.

The Central Coal and Wood Yard,
Office 6 Trounce Avenue, Telephone 65.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
138 Government street.

Private entrance on Pandora street. Business strictly confidential. v19-tf

Land Registry Act.

Sub-lot 18 of Lots 34 and 36, Springfield Estate (Map 297), Esquimalt District.

Whereas the certificate of title of Ernest Schurch to the above hereditaments bearing date the 7th April, 1891, has been lost or destroyed and application has been made for a duplicate of such certificate, notice is hereby given that a duplicate will be issued unless cause be shown to the contrary, in writing, within one month from the date hereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

Land Registry Office,
Victoria, 30th June, 1894. jy30-1m

MORTGAGEE'S SALE.

Under power of sale contained in a mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office, Victoria, in charge book Vol. II, Fol. 597, No. 13700 B, the undersigned offer for sale by tender Lots Nos. 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 25, 63, and Block XI, part of a re-subdivision of part of Lots two and three of section XXXVIII, Victoria District, and more particularly described in a map or plan deposited with the Registrar General under the number 462.

Tenders will be received up to August 4th next, at noon.

DALBY & CLAXTON,
64 Yates St., Victoria, B.C.,
Agents for the Mortgagees.
jl9-td

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

In the matter of the estate of William Hopkins, deceased. And in the matter of the "Official Administrator's Act."

Notice is hereby given that an order of Notice is hereby given that by an order of the Honorable Mr. Justice Walkem bearing date the 16th day of July, A.D. 1894, I was appointed administrator of all and singular the personal estate, chattels and credits of William Hopkins, late of the City of Victoria, deceased, intestate.

Persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are requested to send me particulars thereof on or before the 5th day of August, A.D. 1894, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are requested to pay such indebtedness to me forthwith.

WM. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.
July 21-1w

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REPORT.

Inactivity in Wall Street—Material Improvement in Affairs Generally.

New York, July 21.—During the past week, inactivity in Wall street affairs has been the rule and not the exception. The amount of transaction in stocks has been very limited; the professional operators think a dull market a good occasion for summer recreation and have availed of the opportunity.

There can be no question that the preponderant feeling in the stock market is decidedly "bullish." This tendency is not a mere transient whim. It is the result of a fixed conviction that, at present prices and under existing conditions, the leading stocks are a cheap investment. This feeling has been steadily gaining ground for some time past, and hence the difficulty the "bears" have found in making any impression on prices. No systematic effort has been made to turn this feeling to account, first because certain uncertainties have stood in the way, and next because it has seemed very likely that, when those obstacles were removed, prices would rise almost without any effort on the part of holders. The larger holders of stocks are therefore willing to rest on their holdings, waiting until the summer absentees return from the country, with the prospect that, in the meantime, conditions will continue to improve and that September may find the market ready for a brisk upward movement.

It must be conceded that some very material improvements in the general condition of affairs have lately occurred. We are close on the termination of the twelve months of suspense connected with tariff legislation. Whether the present crisis in that question ends in the enactment of the bill or in its defeat, matters little to the immediate welfare of business. If the bill becomes law, preparations have already been made in our industries for giving effect to the lower duties with the minimum of disturbance to manufacturers. If it is defeated, both sides will concede that, at least, no present injury, but rather an immediate stimulus, must result to domestic interests at large. From this point of view, Wall street takes comparatively little interest in the failure of the joint committee of the two houses to reach an agreement on this measure.

The end of the Debs strike has contributed to a great strengthening of confidence in the future of the transportation interests. The constant attitude of threat held by some of the unions and the increasing violence of their strikes has been a steadily growing element of distrust in this class of investments, not only at home but also in the foreign markets of our securities. These unions have now put forth all the force they could summon in order to measure their strength with that of the railroads. They declared in advance that failure would mean not only present defeat but also the final overthrow of at least the strike as a method of warfare. They are defeated most utterly; and that in a way which makes it certain that the unions can never dominate the railroads except through the overthrow of the power not noly of the cities and the states but also of the United States. This settlement is of immeasureable value not only to the railroads but also to the entire vast interests dependent upon the railroads for the safe and regular transportation of products, which have so repeatedly suffered from the growing violence of employees led by injudicious leaders. It is thus felt that July has brought a great amelioration of the working conditions of our 175,000 miles of railroad.

The new gold bugbear has vanished. Legitimate shipments to Europe have virtually ceased, and the rates for sterling exchange have begun to show a downward tendency. Money has become such a complete "drug" at the European centres that the banks want no more gold and prefer that their American balances should remain here when New York will pay a trifle more interest than can be earned at home. From London, advices report a marked increase of interests in American securities, arising from their low prices as compared with other investments, and also from the failure of the labor power as against the railroads, and also from the near settlement of the tariff legislation, which naturally is there construed as pregnat with great future expansion of our commerce and a consequent benefit to our railroads.

The forthcoming reports of the railroads show a matterial falling off in gross earnings, which is no more than might be expected from the strike stoppages of traffic. Allowing for this special loss and for the interruptions to traffic for now some weeks connected with the coal strikes, the gross earings for the expired portion of this year must be regarded as better than could have expected under the existing depression, and warrant the contention held by many that the state of business at the interior has not been so unsatisfactory as it has been found at the seaboard cities.

THE KOOTENAY FIRE.

No Lives Lost but Much Valuable Property Destroyed.

Revelstoke, July 26.—Later reports from the Slocan district confirm the previous story already telegraphed concerning the complete wiping out of the towns of Three Forks and Watson, and also of the settlements at Bear lake and Sandon creek. Along the Kaslo road from Sproule's, fifteen miles from Kaslo, to the westerly limits of Three Forks, a distance of ten miles, not a solitary building is left. No lives were lost along the road, the people taking refuge from the flames in mining tunnels and sometimes in the waters of the creeks. Mr. and Mrs. Weaver and four men lay in the waters of Seaton creek for two hours before they could venture out. The government road is blocked with fallen, half burned trees, and it will take some time to clear it. Active preparations are already being made for rebuilding and there is little feeling of despondency over the disasters which have been experienced.

The following are the estimated losses on which there was no insurance: Galena Trading Co., stock and building, $13,000; R. R. Lemon, stock, $10,000; Crane & Lowe's hotel, $5,000; Bownes hotel, $2,000; J. C. Boyd, building and fixtures, $800; Pitts Bros., gents' furnishings, etc., $5,000; Aiken's drug store, $500; Burns, Wilson & Co., butchers, $3,000.

The additional losses at Three Forks will aggregate $10,000. At Bear Lake, Arnold, & McDermott's saw mill, valued at $20,000; G. W. Hughes' wagons, sleighs and packing outfit, $10,000, and three other buildings were destroyed. At Watson, four hotels, one store and three stables were destroyed, the only effects saved being Atherton's stock of dry-goods and groceries, which were placed in an underground cellar. The loss at Watson will probably foot up $5,000. At Sandon creek, ten buildings were destroyed; loss, $2,000.

The track of the Nakusp and Slocan railway is now complete from Nakusp to the head of Slocan lake where steamer connection is made by the steamer Wm. Hunter for New Denver, Rosebery, on Wilson creek, is expected to be reached about August 1. By this time some 500,000 tons of ore from the Grady group of mines will be at Rosebery for shipment to the smelters. The concentrator building of the Duluth syndicate, located about one mile from Three Forks is already framed and the machinery will arrive in about a month and be set up immediately.

LEWIS CARROLL.

The Author of "Alice in Wonderland" Becoming a Recluse.

It is a curious thing how a man's autonym will be entirely lost in his pseudonym. I was very forcibly reminded of this when the other day at Oxford I was presented to the Rev. Charles Lutwidge Dodgson, and it was fully a half hour before I realized that I was talking to Lewis Carroll, whose fame as the author of the "Alice in Wonderland" books has been world-wide for more than a score of years. As when he wrote the first of his famous books, so is Mr. Dodgson at the present day, a fellow and mathematical tutor at Christchurch college at Oxford. And it was in this old town and among its children, who are now grown men and women, that the "Alice" books were written. The secret of his knowledge of child life and nautre is to be found in his life. His love for children is boundless.

Every quarter of Oxford knew him, and a little band of companions almost invariably accompanied him in his rambles. In his numerous visits to the houses of his friends his arrival was always the signal for a stampede of the children to the door, and they wer always sure of a warm greeting and plenty of fun, for it was them that he chiefly came to see.

Many were the happy hours spent with them—the inspiration, no doubt, of many of his stories—and many are the young people now grown who still look back with vivid recollections of the pleasures they then enjoyed. To one of these children "Alice Through the Looking glass" was dedicated. It is generally suposed to be the daughter of a former dean of Christchurch college, Alice Liddell, who is now Mrs. Reginald Hargreaves, though some believe the book is dedicated to the other daughter, Edith, who died seventeen years ago.

As thes numerous little companions matured Mr. Dodgson's visits grew less frequent, until now his life has become that of a severe recluse. He took no new companions as the children grew older, so it was not many years before he found himself quite alone; and in the secluded retirement of his quarters at the college he now lives almost entirely by himself, rarely going into society and avoiding all public attention. It is this fact that explains the lack of information concerning him. Many have been the inquiries concerning his personality and life, but all have gone for the most part, unsatisfied. So far as his surroundings at Oxford and the circumstances of his life as a tutor will admit of it, he lives the life of a hermit.—New York Commercial Advertiser.

Heart Disease Relieved in 30 Minutes—All cases of organic or sympathetic heart disease relieved in 30 minutes and quickly cured, by Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart. One dose convinces. Sold by Geo. Mordsen.

FAMOUS WIDOWS OF HISTORY.

From Eve Down the List Includes Many Notables.

There is a Hebrew tradition that Eve survived Adam, and was therefore the first widow, says the St. Louis Globe-Democrat. The list of sovereigns records the names of 326 widows who either reigned in their own names or acted as regents.

Queen Victoria is the most powerful widow on the globe. She rules 11,475,057 squares miles of the earth's territory and 378,725,857 of its population. She became a widow December 14th, 1861.

Naomi and Ruth were both widows, and the cleverness displayed by the former in hoodwinking old Boaz and inducing him to marry the pretty Moabitish widow was a masterpiece of matrimonial tact that did her great credit.

Catharine Parr, the lady who had the singular good fortune to become the widow of Henry VIII., would have been in luck if she had remained a widow. She married Sir Thomas Seymour, with whom she lived very unhappily, and finally died under suspicion of poison.

One of the most famous widows of antiquity was Agrippina, the widow of Germanicus. During the lifetime of her husband she attended him in all his campaigns and shared his dangers. Suspecting that her husband had been poisoned she had his presumed murderer assassinated, and was herself afterwards treated with much indignity by Tiberius, and was driven to despair and starved herself to death.

Lady Huntington, the illustrious patron of the Methodists, was a widow for 45 years. She lived to be 90 years old, and retained the vigor of middle life almost to the end. Her benevolences were innumerable, and she furnished a number of chapels and schools for the Methodists. Not long before her death it was estimated that from a moderate income she had expended £100,000 in public and private charity.

Catherine de Medici, widow of Henry II., ruled France with absolute power for many years during the nominal reigns of her sons, Francis II. and Charles XI. It was under her auspices that the massacre of St. Bartholomew was planned and executed. In her last days she perceived the evil consequences of her policy in regard to both the people and the nobility, and advised a change.

Mme. de Pompadour (Mme. d'Etoiles) was a grass widow. Her husband made a great row about her connection with King Louis, and was promptly banished, but he begged to be allowed to return, promising to behave himself. He was permitted to come back to Paris, but had the indiscretion to write her a complaining letter, which she showed to the king, and M. d'Etoiles was given his walking papers again in short order.

Catherine I. of Russia, widow of Peter the Great, was inclined to corpulence. She had a fair complexion and eyes almost black, which contrasted strongly with her light yellow hair. Disliking the effect, she, for the last two or three years of her life, dyed her hair. Her kindness of heart was so great that during the time she reigned alone, she allowed no criminal to be put to death in her dominions, but substituted exile to Siberia.

Cleopatra was a widow, having poisoned her husband. She was the cause of not a little discord in the families of both Caesar and Antony. The former took her to Rome with him, but the people sympathized so strongly with the dictator's wife that he was obliged to send the Egyptian queen back to her own country. Antony gladly ruined himself for her sake. Cleopatra was a blonde, with a complexion like ivory, yellow hair and blue eyes.

Anne of Austria, the widow of Louis XIII., was the beauty of her age. According to a biographer "she had a marvellous complexion, a great quantity of light brown hair, eyes with a tint of green in them, which, as may be supposed, increased their vivacity, a small mouth, hands and arms of extraordinary beauty. Her nose was large and she wore too much rouge. She was tall, and had a lofty, proud look. Her air and smile inspired tenderness and respect.

Mme. de Maintenon was the Widow Scarron for years before she attracted the attention of Louis XIV. He first heard of her through the frequent memorials presented asking that her husband's pension be continued to her. He lost patience one day and exclaimed: "Am I to be forever pestered with the wife of Scarron?" and immediately granted the petition to escape further annoyance. Mme. de Montespan subsequently employed her as a governess for her children, and thus she was introduced to the king, over whom her influence subsequently became absolute. She was privately married to him in 1686, she being 52 and he 48 years of age. After the death of Louis she retired to the Convent of St. Cyr.

Mary Stuart was one of the most fascinating widows who ever lived. She had abundant experience in the condition of widowhood and thoroughly understood the moods of all sorts and conditions of men. She fascinated every one with whom she came in contact, and even her jailer, during her last imprisonment, risked his life in an unsuccessful attempt to secure her escape. Unluckily she was exposed to the jealousy of an old maid, the virgin queen, who could not endure the idea of any one being more fascinating than herself, and so at the earliest opportunity Mary was locked up by her rival, who was envious of her beauty, and after a long imprisonment, was finally put to death out of pure jealousy.

CANADA.

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The Land We Live In.

Now Ready. Remit 10 CENTS to this office, together with Coupon, which will be found in another part of this paper, and secure this valuable and handsome work.

It surpasses anything of the kind yet issued, and will insure the possessor a thorough knowledge of our country.

Issued Weekly. One part per week for twenty-six consecutive weeks.

SEE COUPON ON PAGE SEVEN.

BY MAIL 12 CENTS.

THE TIMES, VICTORIA, B.C.

BATTLES OF THE CIVIL WAR.

Dates of Conflicts, With the Names of Generals Opposed.

The dates of the principal battles of the Rebellion, who commanded in each and the number killed on both sides: Bull Run (first) July 21, 1861—North, General McDowell, killed 481; South, General Beauregard, killed unknown. Shiloh, April 7, 1862—North, General Grant, killed 1,735; South, General A. S. Johnston, killed 1,728. Seven Pines and Fair Oaks, May 31 and June 1, 1762—North, General McClellan, killed 890; South, General J. E. Johnston, killed 2,800. Antietam, September 16 and 17, 1862—North, General McClellan, killed 2,010; South, General Lee, killed 3,500. Chancellorville, May 2 and 3, 1863—North, General Hooker, killed 1,512; South, General Jackson, killed 1,581. Gettysburg, July 1, 2 and 3, 1863—North, General Meade, killed 2,834; South, General Lee, killed 3,500. Vicksburg, July 3 and 4, 1863—North, General Grant, killed 545; South General Pemberton, killed unknown. Chickamauga, September 19 to 23, 1863—North, General Thomas, killed 1,644; South, General Bragg, killed 2,389. Wilderness, May 5 to 7, 1864—North, General Grant, killed 5,597; South, General Lee, killed 2,000. Spottsylvania, May 8 to 21, 1864—North, General Grant, killed 4,177; South, General Lee, killed 1,000. The above figures are based on medical official returns and do not agree with the returns of the adjutant general. No two reports agree. The adjutant general makes the killed at Wilderness 2,261, and at Spottsylvania 2,270, while General Meade's report, based on reports immediately after the battle, states killed at Wilderness at 3,288, at Spottsylvania 2,146.

The sultan of Johore wears an electric light in his shirt front.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $100,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setrling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Sewerage Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $35,000, or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setrling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital Aid By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

City of Victoria, British Columbia

TENDER FOR DEBENTURES.

Sealed tenders endorsed "Tenders for Debentures" will be received at the office of the undersigned up to 4 p.m., on the 1st day of August, 1894, for the purchase of debentures of the Corporation of the City of Victoria, B. C., amounting to $25,000 or its sterling equivalent at the rate of $4.86 2-3 to the one pound setrling, in sums of $1,000, or its sterling equivalent as aforesaid, payable in fifty years from the 1st of August, 1894, and bearing interest from that date at the rate of four and one-half per cent. per annum, payable half yearly with principal and interest payable as aforesaid at the office of the Bank of British North America either in London, England; New York, U. S. A., or Montreal, Canada.

The Corporation reserves to itself the right to redeem and purchase these debentures on paying the amount thereof and the interest due thereon at the date of such purchase to the holder or holders thereof, at any time after twenty-five years form the date of issuance of such debentures.

The tenderer must state the price net at Victoria which he will pay.

In addition to the net price the purchaser will have to pay the Corporation the interest at four and one-half per cent. from the 1st of August, 1894, to whatever date the money is received by the City Treasurer.

The above debentures are issued under authority of "The Exhibition Loan By-law, 1894," with principal and interest secured by a rate on all ratable land and improvements in the Corporation of the City of Victoria.

The Corporation does not bind itself to accept any tender.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
City Clerk.

City Clerk's office, Victoria, B. C., June 8th, 1894.

W. J. STODDART,

Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler

New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Soc. Soc. Gets with Dr. John Wende, V. S., Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Bray's Livery 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 433; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. feo17

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynoecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 16 Princess avenue; also at Jamieson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P. O Box 429.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery or Lombard's Music Store.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Rose & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS
Court Vancouver No. 5755, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
SIDNEY WILSON, Sec. feb13

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary. jel4

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
jy25 A. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 139, G.R.S. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON.
1-19 Scribe E.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotsmen are invited to join.
C. C. SMITH, Secretary.

QUEEN'S MARKET.
L. GOODACRE.
Government street, Victoria, B. C., wholesale and retail Butcher, Contractor by appointment to Her Majesty's Royal Navy.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Repairing executed at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 189.

MRS. McGREGOR,
MIDWIFE.
137 Cormorant Street.

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. HUMBER,
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College,
Has opened Dental Parlors at 93 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Gilmore Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised, and for which he is the sole licensee for B.C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving to all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-6-w

Gold and Silver Extraction.

The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld., of Glasgow, (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process).

Is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.
All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.
All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

EDUCATIONAL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.
The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.
First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
f-13 e.m (&w 1y)

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

AMUSEMENTS.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Three Nights, Beginning
TUESDAY, JULY 31,
SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT
MRS. POTTER
...AND... MR. BELLEW
And an Excellent Metropolitan Company
In the following repertoire:
TUESDAY .....Dumas' "IN SOCIETY"
WEDNESDAY ....."THE IRON MASTER"
THURSDAY ..... "CAMILLE"
...The Event of the Season...
PRICES: $1.50, $1.00 and 50 cents.
Plan of seats will open at Jamieson's Bookstore Saturday morning, July 28, at 10 o'clock.

I.O.O.F.
ANNUAL EXCURSION to SEATTLE on STR. ISLANDER.
$1.50-Return Fare-$1.50
Will leave C.P.N. Co.'s wharf on
SATURDAY, JULY 28
At 7 a.m. Sharp.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

FARMER'S CONVENTION.

The quarterly meeting of the Directors of Fruit Growers' Association will be held at Agassiz on Friday, August 10, at 2 p.m.

The Dairymen's Association will meet at same place at close of Fruit Growers' meeting.

Saturday, August 11, will be a field day on the Experimental Farm. Agricultural questions will be discussed on Friday and Saturday evenings.

All interested are invited. Cheap rates of fare are being secured.

Further particulars from
A. H. B. MACGOWAN,
Secretary.
Vancouver, July 25.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A general servant. Apply at No. 80 Superior street. jly26-tf

WANTED—A Housekeeper; widow, without encumbrances preferred. Address L. G., Times office. jy17-tf

WANTED—Pushing canvasser of good address. Liberal salary and expenses paid weekly; permanent position. Brown Bros., Co., Nurserymen, Portland, Ore. m7-3m

WANTED—A house to rent at $15; must be situated near centre of city, or near car line. Send particulars to "Thomas," Times office. jy24

GIRL WANTED—For general housework and care of children. Apply forenoon at 253 Fort street. jly24-3t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Two bay mares and one bay horse. Address or apply to Ewen S. Cameron, 7 Scoresby Street. j26-2t

FOR SALE—Several horses. Apply at 127 Douglas street. jly26-tf

FOR SALE—$1,100 will buy three lots on car line, Cadboro Bay road; $350 cash; balance on mortgage. Apply to 15 North Park street. jly25-2w

FOR SALE—Three Pug Pups. Apply Hawthorne Villa, Michigan street, two doors right of Bird Cage walk. jly 24-3t

TO LET.

TO LET—A well furnished seven-roomed house on car line. Apply between 12 and 2 at 63 Superior street. jly25-tf

FIRST CLASS, well-furnished rooms to let, and housekeeping accommodation at Miss McCandlish's, 63 Superior St. jy16

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

ABOUT SLEEP.

The Remarkable Assertion of an Artist About Effect.

"It is a curious thing," said the artist, "but when you begin to study anybody or anything asleep they or it will wake up at once." He was trying to catch a very pretty girl on a Long Branch boat. She was reclining gracefully on her right hand, the elbow which served for that hand being supported by the guard-rail, and, contrary to the custom of pretty girls in general, looked rather prettier when asleep than when awake. But just as soon as the artistic eye had settled down to this fact and the artistic pencil had begun to reduce it to paper she began to get restless and figety and shortly afterward waked up.

"I have tried it on animals," he continued, "and it is the same. We have a very pretty cat in our house, and sometimes when she curls herself up in graceful and unusual attitudes, I have tried to get a study from cat life, but just as the attempt is made she begins to yawn and stretch and finally opens her big eyes on me with an expression of, 'Well, what in the world are you trying to do with me now, I'd like to know?'

"On railway trains I have attempted to get some man's expression while he was asleep. He will wake up at once. It is the same when a man or woman is engaged in conversation or thought. As soon as you get to work on her profile or back hair, or the rake of her bonnet, a woman will begin to squirm, to turn this way an that, until she finally singles you out. She will do this without the slightest idea of what you are doing."

All of which reminds me that almost any man of strong will can, by intense thought and exercise of will power, compel a woman to turn her head and finally single him out of a crowd. She will not know why, and, really, I don't know why; but it is so, for I have tried it again and again. Men are less impressionable. Yet there are probably few men who cannot be awakened from the soundest sleep by anybody looking them intently in the face.—Pittsburgh Dispatch.

THE DAILY TIMES

Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;

At No. 57 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.

SUBSCRIPTION:

Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10.00

THE WEEKLY TIMES

is published every Friday morning, and mailed to any part of Canada, the United States or Great Britain for $2 per annum, paid in advance.

DAILY ADVERTISING RATES:

CONDENSED ADVERTISEMENTS, such as To Let, Wanted, etc., etc., one cent per word per insertion.

NOTICES of Births, Marriages and Deaths free. Deaths with funeral announcements, $1.50.

SPECIAL NOTICES, set in minion (the type used for general reading) and placed in reading columns, 25c. a line for first insertion and 12 1-2 cents each subsequent insertion. Set in nonpareil type (this size) and placed under the heading of "Special Notices," 12 1-2 cents for first insertion and 6 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Theatrical notices, legal advertisements, political announcements, and all advertisements of a special class, and not included in the above, 10 cents a line first insertion and 5 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements unaccompanied by specific instructions inserted until ordered out.

Address
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

AN ELECTION PROBABLE.

The Globe sees indications that there will be a general election for the Dominion house before another session. In a recent issue it says: "That Sir John Thompson and his colleagues contemplate an early appeal to the people there are some grounds for believing. It is generally observed that just prior to a general election the grants to railways and public works at the final session of parliament show a buoyant tendency. That this is such a session will occur to anybody who peruses the formidable list of subsidies which was brought down by Mr. Haggart on Friday last. It was pointed out in the house on Wednesday that in some of these which have been kept dangling before the eyes of the electors for years there is probably not the remotest intention of the promoters to build a railway. Then there is the Trent Valley canal. The appropriation was $150,000 for that work, together with entrancing visions of future appropriations held out by the premier in the early part of the session, is decidedly symptomatic of the proximity of an election. The determination to revise the lists this year, although the operation costs the country a quarter of a million of dollars, is another indication pointing in the same direction. The government must be presumed to know its own mind, and if a general election is not to be held until a year hence, surely it is not intended to put the country to the cost of a general revision for no practical purpose under the sun. The decision to have a revision this year means either that an election will be held before another revision is due, or that the government is about to engage in a scandalous waste of $200,000." While political signs, like weather signs, are liable to misreading, it would be rash to assert that an election this year is not among the probabilities. Therefore the advice which the Globe gives to Liberals, to be prepared for such emergency, is eminently good. The revision of the voters' lists will commence before long, and it should have close attention, since the lists as now to be made up are likely to be those used in the election. Organization and looking after the lists are two matters which should commend themselves to the attention of the Liberals. They should also keep in mind the coming visit of Mr. Laurier, who will be here next month, accompanied by Mr. L. H. Davies, M. P. for Charlottetown; Mr. Choquette, M. P. for Montmagny; Mr. J. Sutherland, M. P. for North Oxford, the chief whip of the Liberal party, and Mr. S. A. Fisher, ex-M. P. for Brome. This visit of the leader and his friends may be confidently expected to advance materially the Liberal cause in British Columbia and accelerate the progress which it is undoubtedly making.

LORDS AND THE BUDGET.

Sir William Harcourt's budget is extremely obnoxious to the lords and the wealthy land owners, but the peers have apparently considered it wise to let it pass rather than aggravate the popular feeling against them any further. The new scheme of taxation has been graphically and briefly described by John Morley as involving two great principles, equality of taxation and equality of sacrifice. The greater the wealth the higher the rate of taxation should be, is the motto followed. The bill provides, further, that in the case of succession taxes land shall be treated as personal property. Naturally these principles and methods are offensive to the "upper class," and one cannot wonder that the house of lords felt eager to lay amending hands on the bill. Rejection sounded too emphatic, while amendment is a softer phrase, but unfortunately for the peers the two words are synonymous in this case and they have been obliged to let the bill take its course. It might have been better for the nation in the long run if they had been less discreet, for their rejection of the budget would probably have given such an impetus to the crusade against the "upper house" as would have hastened abolition. As a political survival the house of lords may be interesting, but now that it has become an undoubted nuisance it would do the state a service by hastening its own demise.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

A charming commentary on the 20-knot fast Atlantic mail proposal is afforded by the following from a Nova Scotia paper: "One casualty succeeds another in the St. Lawrence. In the lower waters of the river there are wrecks at Anticosti, in the upper waters the Dominion Coal company's collier, Louisburg, has injured herself by grounding herself at Montreal, and the Tyne built steamer Haverton is reported a wreck. Opposite Montreal a Donaldson Liner is aground and other mishaps are recorded. In fact shipping disasters are epidemic. As reported the Hartpool steamer Bedlington has come to grief on our own coast, so that it may be said that since the opening of navigation the chain of shipping disaster is complete from the Atlantic to the end of the St. Lawrence navigation." It will be nice work to pilot a big steamship up the St. Lawrence at the rate of 20 knots an hour.

The Columbian exposes another little trick of the Colonist. A few days ago in order to show that Mr. Hume, member-elect for the south division of West Kootenay, was a government supporter, our extremely virtuous neighbor quoted the following sentence from the Revelstoke Mail;

It is said that Mr. Hume's committee informed the premier, when he was at Nelson this week, that Mr. Hume's candidacy must not be looked upon as a condemnation of the government's policy in southern Kootenay, as the candidate was in full accord with the government and would sit on the government side of the house; that the contest was a strictly personal one between Messrs. Hume and Buchanan.

There was another sentence immediately following this in the Mail which the Colonist did not reproduce. It reads as follows:

If it is true, how are the committee going to account for Mr. Hume being brought out by John Houston, perhaps the most bitter opponent of the government in West Kootenay? Have they thrown the Tribune overboard? Mr. Hume certainly fought the election as an oppositionist.

It must be clear that whatever evidence there may be of Mr. Hume's having transformed himself into a government supporter, the mail is certainly not a good witness. We suspect that after this exposure of its dishonesty the Colonist will be more inclined than before to look upon the Columbian as a "savage."

QUESTIONABLE TRADE.

To the Editor: The very worst specimen of job printing that finds its way to Victoria business offices is the blotched and blurred notices sent by some of the city banks to business men, reminding them that their notes fall due on a certain date and requesting them to "provide for the same." It would be natural during a stringency such as the country is now passing through, for any business man to find fault with these unpleasant reminders, even though they were printed in blue and gold or were the best product of the Province job room or the artistic creation of Munro Miller; but when the unsightly thing is the irregular impression of a colorless ink by a worn-out rubber stamp, the esthetic feelings of the worried man of business is inhumanly outraged. On what principle a financial institution can justify such a daub, where extra care is taken will all other classes of bank printing, it would be difficult to tell. It may be that as the missive is a disagreeable one at best it is made as disagreeable-looking as possible to serve its character throughout. Seriously, however, there is no good reason why an invitation to meet a note on maturity should not be as well printed as an invitation to dine at Government House.

TYPO.

THE PROBLEM SOLVED.

To the Editor: The United States trade returns for 1892-93, quoted by the Colonist this morning under the head of "An Unsolved Problem," and which your contemporary considers "a mystery beyond the comprehension of even the most sagacious men," is really no problem at all. The figures themselves afford a most convincing solution. These figures show that during the first period quoted the business transactions of the United States with the world at large represented a gain of $18,735,728, while during the latter period that country transacted an international trade involving a loss of $214,344,442. In other words, the United States only received $654,835,873 worth of commodities in exchange for commodities valued at $869,181,315. Surely the Colonist does not mean to seriously contend that the more a nation gives and the less it gets in return is a profitable transaction? Who on earth would be so foolish as to imagine that the more he gave and the less he got in return would be a sure method of getting rich?

The Colonist, of course, is laboring under the old and long ago balance of trade theory, and imagines that the excess of exports over imports in the U. S. during 1893-94 was received in specie. This, of course, is absurd. All trade is barter, and imports are paid for by exports. Each is the cause and complement of the other, and an excess of exports over imports is a certain indication of national indebtedness, because such excess represents an amount of commodities which have been sent abroad in settlement of national obligations, such as the payment of interest on bonds, loans, etc., and for which no corresponding import has been received. On the other hand, all wealthy nations import more than they export, England standing away ahead of the list with an excess of imports over exports of about 150,000,000 pounds sterling. According to the political economist on the Colonist this enormous sum represents a loss. In other words, the Colonist would have us believe that the greatest trading nation the world has ever seen—composed of the shrewdest commercial men on earth—is voluntarily doing an international trade involving a loss of £150,000,000! The thing is so utterly absurd and ridiculous that to go into figures to disprove so wild and untenable a theory would be insulting the intelligence of your readers.

CHABLIS-SHIRAZ.

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Sir John Thompson goes to Muskoka on Monday.

Elgin Snider of Brantford was drowned in the Grand river.

The Portland cement works at Owen Sound were burned. Loss $18,000; insurance $12,000.

A protest has been filed against the election of Mr. Gurd as P. P. A. member for West Lambton.

Two lads aged 15 and 17, sons of Charles and Mark Leblanc, were drowned at Moncton while bathing in the creek.

Major Draper, ex-chief of police of Toronto, is dead, aged 57. He was one of the finest cricketers in Canada and a noted rifle and pistol shot.

During a heavy storm an Englishman working with Mr. John McLeod, a farmer at Wolseley, N. W. T., was struck and instantly killed by lightning.

The department of marine has been advised that the new cruiser Aberdeen will sail from Paisley, Scotland, early in August. She had her trial trip last Tuesday.

Twenty-one head of cattle on the experimental farm at Brandon have been slaughtered owing to the existence of tuberculosis among the herd.

Brantford, Ont., property owners have approved of a by-law authorizing the construction of improvements along the banks of the Grand river for the resistance of floods.

The house of refuge to be built by the Brockville, county council will be of brick and will cost $16,000. The building is to be completed by the 1st of October next year.

Dr. Lynch, a prominent physician and old resident of Winnipeg, died in the hospital there the other day. The doctor lived in Manitoba in 1869, and was among the prisoners taken by Riel, who were kept in confinement for some three months.

Owen Sound was connected on the 11th inst. with the Grand Trunk railway by a branch line, towards which the town gave a subsidy of $75,000. The town has now both the C. P. R. and the G. T. R. at its service. On the first train to enter there were a large number of leading citizens.

Vice-President Shaughnessy of the C. P. R. says there is no danger of the plague now epidemic in China reaching Canada by way of the Canadian Pacific steamship line. It is confined to the poorer classes, while it is the better class of Chinese that come to the United States and Canada.

George Curtis, the little son of Thos. Curtis, of Maria street, Hamilton, died of lockjaw. Two weeks ago he stepped on a rusty nail, which penetrated the ball of his big toe. The wound healed up, but he was taken sick last Thursday, and endured terrible agony ever since until death released him from his sufferings.

A. E. Ferte has been sentenced to twelve months' imprisonment for embezzlement from the city of Winnipeg sinking funds. In sentencing the prisoner Chief Justice Taylor said: "If it be true that during all these years you have been left with all these moneys in your hands without an audit having been made, I think there is no language too strong to condemn the trustees who have had the conduct of that fund. It is disgraceful on their part."

General Passenger Agent McNicoll of the Canadian Pacific railway said that in the event of Great Britain becoming involved in the Corean trouble it is more than probable she would take over the Canadian Pacific's fleet of steamships. They are all armed cruisers, and under the subsidy arrangements with the Imperial government, under which they were built, in the event of war they can be taken over and put into instant commission. As this is the busy tourist season, such action might complicate matters.

Ayer's Hair Vigor has no equal, in merit and efficiency, as a hair dressing and for the prevention of baldness. It eradicates dandruff, keeps the scalp moist, clean, and healthy, and gives vitality and color to weak, faded, and gray hair. The most popular of toilet articles.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises.
Chilblains, Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,
Scalds, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

To the Electors: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in a Condensed Form.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—K. of P. excursion to Seattle on August 18th. Return trip $1.50. *

—Carter House billiard and pool parlors, Duck Building, Broad street. tf.

—I. O. O. F. excursion to Seattle on steamer Islander Saturday, July 28th. Return trip $1.50. *

—The time for receiving tenders for the Sumas dyking works has been extended until August 14.

—Ald. Wilson will ask leave at the next meeting of the council to introduce a by-law respecting the expenditure of the year.

—Some very pretty Japanese crepes to hand, new designs and colors. Our lady patrons will be glad to hear the news. Weiler Bros.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—Miss Sayyea will give an informal talk on physical culture in the Institute hall, View street, on Friday afternoon at 3 p.m., July 27th. The subject will be illustrated by appropriate exercises. Admission 25 cents. *

—The finishing touches are being put on the Pemberton gymnasium and in a short time it will be ready for use. The building is very neat in appearance and will be greatly appreciated by the children who will have an opportunity of using it.

—The B. C. Automatic Lighting & Oil Co., Ltd., has been incorporated and gazetted this week. The head offices are at Vancouver, and the capital stock is $250,000. The first trustees of the new company are R. E. Brohm, William Peterson and R. P. Ramage of Vancouver.

—The members of the B. C. Natural History Society have their first field day at Sydney to-morrow. They leave the Hillside avenue station at 9 o'clock and returning leave Sydney at 5 o'clock. Tickets for the round trip will be 50 cents.

—The vacancy on the board of sewarage commissioners caused by J. H. Todd's declining to accept the appointment will probably be filled at the next meeting of the council. Ald. Harris will move that Hon. D. W. Higgins be appointed.

—Marie Nixon, Alex. Grant and eleven other residents of Comox district have incorporated the Waverly House Company, with a capital stock of $10,000. The object of the company is to equip and maintain hotels or inns in Comox district. The trustees of the company are Messrs. Thomas Russell, W. B. Walker and Alexander Grant.

—In England when a lady asks to see black dress goods, the clerk says: "Priestley's, of course, Madam?" "Certainly," is the prompt answer. There, Priestley's dress goods are the synonym for beauty of appearance, and perfect-fitting quality which gives the figure graceful contours. On this side Priestley's dress goods are fast rushing into favor. See that they are wrapped on "The Varnished Board." That is the trade mark.

—A by-law introduced by Ald. Humphrey to amend the revenue by-law has been passed throught the preliminary stages. Its object is to collect a trades license from a certain class of merchants or agents who at present do not contribute to the city's revenue. A short time ago the agent of a fur house was summoned for not paying a license. The proprietors being outside the jurisdiction of the court the license could not be collected. The amendment provides that any one guilty of an infraction of the by-law shall be liable to a fine of $50, which, if not paid, may be levided by distress and the sale of the offender's goods. In default of sufficient distress the offender is liable to three months' imprisonment.

—Those who desire to spend a really enjoyable evening will be afforded an opportunity to do so on Tuesday evening next, the 31st inst., when Miss Hext, the accomplished elocutionist of eastern Canada will appear in this city. Her selections are entirely new and her costumes are elegant. A new feature in those recitals will be her statuesque posing in Greek costume. These have excited the admiration and wonder of her audiences wherever she has appeared. The press in the east, Manitoba, Northwest Territories and British Columbia are unanimous in their praise of her ability. Miss Hext appears in Wellington on the 26th, Nanaimo 27th and 28th, and only one night in Victoria. No one should miss a chance like this. In addition to the dramatic recitals and posings there will be a programme of music prepared by Mr. Brown, leader of the First Presbyterian church choir, under whose auspices the recital will be held. The musical part of the programme requires no further commendation. Victorians know by long experience that Mr. Brown never presents a programme that is not of the highest merit in point of selection and rendition, which accounts for the large audiences that gather at his entertainments. In this case there is no reason to believe that this will be changed, and we confidently predict a crowded house and a big success.

—Family scales at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—K. of P. excursion to Seattle on August 18th. Return trip $1.50. *

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—We can recommend the "Mason" fruit jar as thoroughly reliable. Weiler Bros. *

—Albert Hawthorne, the basso, once of this city, is singing with Rice's minstrels in Chicago.

—Tickets for the I. O. O. F. excursion are selling rapidly. Secure one before they are all sold. *

—Prepare for the "fruit season" by getting your preserving crocks, kettles, etc., at Weiler Bros.* *

—Stephen Spitch was fined $2.50 and costs in the police court this morning for driving over the sidewalk.

—The Marymont-McDonald assault case was settled out of court. The information was dismissed on McDonald paying costs.

—The steamer Umatilla arrived from San Francisco at 1 o'clock this morning, bringing 100 passengers and 150 tons of freight for Victoria.

—Chin Yin was this mornig committed for trial by Magistrate Macrae. Ching was charged with stealing $178 and some jewelry from a Celestial lady.

—The Royal Arthur will go into dry dock on Tuesday afternoon to have her copper sheeting repaired. The Hyacinth, now in dock, will come out on Monday.

—A number of the members of the Baptist congregation, with Rev. P. H. McEwen, are camped on Sluggett's farm, Saanich arm. The camp has been christened the "Baptist Wigwam," or "Echo Camp." The campers are kept busy entertaing a large number of visitors who go out from the city.

—Mr. A. H. Howels, late of the New Westminster News, will shortly start a new daily at Nanaimo. As previously announced, a stock company is being organized to take over the old Telegram plant. The new paper will be called the Daily Leader. A newspaper is also talked of for Mission City.—News-Advertiser.

—The cabin passengers from Victoria for San Francisco by the Walla Walla, which sails this evening, are: R. P. Rithet, Hon. F. W. Hill, Walter Adams, R. W. Tompkins, Miss J. Nulberger, Mrs. H. Stephens, Miss E. Tompkins, Alexander Cook, Mrs. H. Cook, Mrs. Lockart, Mrs. J. Westington and child, Miss F. E. Keith, Miss E. Habbard, H. W. Lewis, H. F. Hamilton, D. Williams, H. D. Demare, E. A. Parker, G. H. Crowell, J. A. Hart, J. D. Grant, T. G. Ottis and wife, C. D. Sherman, E. N. Lapidaine, W. E. Faber, H. E. Walker, Luther Burbank.

—From Dr. Pearse, who arrived yesterday from Alberni, we have confirmation of the strike of placer diggings on Franklin creek, and also that extensive placer claims have been staked off on Hiwatches creek, which, like Franklin creek, empties into Alberni canal. The gold found is of a coarse nature and has caused a flutter of excitement in the district. Several companies are also at work on the placer claims on China creek, with excellent prospects of success. Work on the paper mill is well under way, and the actual manufacture of paper has commenced. The crop prospects are good and the settlers quite busy.—Free Press.

—An important event in the theatrical wirld will be the appearance at the Victoria theatre next Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday evenings of Cora Urquhart Potter and Kyrle Bellew in three of their best plays. During the past five years Mrs. Potter has been more or less before the American public, and those who observe things theatrical have noted the rapid strides that lady has made in her profession from the time of her last American engagement two years ago. As it is five years ince Mrs. Potter was in this section of the country, when, as a comparative novice, her acting talent was open to question, it will be a pleasure to enjoy the improvement she is said to have made by study and experience in interim. Mr. Kyrle Bellew, whose professional fortunes are linked with those of Mrs. Potter, is a finished actor. For years he has been, prominently before the public, and in this time he has played many parts. For a long time he was Wallick's leading man. He has also been in the lead at numerous London theatres. In India and other parts of the Orient he is considered to be the best actor ever seen in those countries, and the criticisms received there (generally written by scholarly men) have been kind and even courteous. Mrs. Potter, also has met with great artistic success in the East Indies. The company suporting these twin stars on their American tour was engaged in New York, and by a fortuitous combination of circumstances is the same that appeared with them on their last American tour. On Tuesday evening "The Iron Master," an adaptation of Ohnet's celebrated novel of that name, will be presented, Wednesday evening "In Society," by Dumas fils; Thursday evening, "Camille," by Alex. Dumas. The sale of seats opens to-morrow morning at Jamieson's.

Awarded Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

"CORONAS" $4 per doz.
Former price $7, and a large CRAYON, $1.
"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

NEWS FROM THE SEALERS

Return of Mr. William Munsie From Japan—Total Catch of Schooners.

Victoria Fleet Has an Average of 1276 Skins Per Schooner—Americans 811.

William Munsie, the well known sealing owner, arrived here from Yokohama this afternoon on the Empress of India, after an absence of nearly two months. He enjoyed a very pleasant trip both ways, and reports that his schooners, in common with nearly all of the Victoria fleet, have done very well. The season in the Japan sea is practically over and many of the schooners are on the way home. Very few of the fleet in Asiatic waters will go to the Russian coast, and none will try Behring sea. Those that do not return direct will cruise about to the northward till the seals are gone, and will then return here. The E. B. Marvin will pick up the skins of the Marvin fleet and will come here. The Casco and the Sea Lion are already headed for home, and the schooner Viva, owned by Mr. Munsie, left for Victoria on July 9th with 23,370 sealskins aboard, being her own catch and those of the Umbrina, Brenda, Mary Ellen, Sadie Turpel, Oscar and Hattie, Agnes Macdonald, W. A. Earle, Penelope, City of San Diego, Arietes, Rosie Olsen, Libbie, May Belle, Fawn, Otto and Aurora.

The British catch on the Japan coast up to date is as follows: Umbrina, 2580; Brenda, 2383; Diana, 1962; Mary Ellen, 1900; C. G. Cox, 1900; E. B. Marvin, 1878; Sadie Turpel, 1700; Oscar and Hattie, 1735; Agnes Macdonald, 1717; Mermaid, 1617; W. A. Earle, 1462; Viva, 1436; Casco, 1394; Penelope, 1305; Dora Steward, 1329; City of Sandiego, 1304; Enterprise, 1253; Arietas, 1197; Annie E. Paint, 1125; Teresa, 1103; Geneva, 1092; Rosie Olsen, 1042; Vera, 1072; Libbie, 1010; Beatrice of Vancouver, 947; May Belle, (3 boats astray for five weeks,) 925; Fawn, 911; Maude S., 1341; Otto, 772; Mary Taylor, 733; W. P. Hall, 710; Aurora, 696; Ocean Belle, 637; W. P. Sayward, 488; Florence M. Smith, 90; total, 44,669; average, 1276 per schooner.

The catch of the American schooners on the Japan coast, 1894, up to date is as follows: Bonanza, 1724; Louise D., 1547; Sophia Sutherland, 1456; Allie J. Alger, 1373; Alton, 1190; Emma and Louisa, 1100; Rattler, 1046; Eppenger, 1008; C. G. White, 942; Herman, 927; Mattie T. Dyer, 915; Willard Ainsworth, 895; Theresa, 683; Louis Olsen, 636; Lilly L., 594; Alexander, 570; Penelope, 540; Rosie Sparks, 440; Anaconda, 332; Prescott, 328; Geo. Peabody, 199; Anna Matilda, 152; Josephine, 147; Geo. C. Whalley, 142; Edward Webster, 1430; total, 20,289; average per schooner, 811 1-2.

Wrecked on Japan coast, schooner Henry Dennis.

Lost at sea: schooners Mascotte, Matthew Turner, old San Diego, Unga, and British schooner Charlotte.

THE CIRCUS IS GOOD.

Seen by an Enormous Crowd Last Night —The Features.

The crowd that attended the Syndicate Circus last night was simply immense. At 8 o'clock every seat in the big tent was taken, and those who came afterwards pre-empted the space between the rings, on the track and at the entrances and at times almost hinterfered with the performance. The number present is variously estimated at between 3500 and 5000, but to a man in the middle of a surging crowd it would seem that there were five times the most conservative estimate right there.

The performance given was highly satisfactory to every one, as it is a better show than Victorians have had to pay $1 to see. There are a large number of performers and a great variety of acts. It would be rather difficult to particularize as to special features. The aerial act by King and Devine, which closed the show proper, is sensational. Of course the men were guarded from any possible injury by the netting under the trapeze, but it looked daring nevertheless. The trained elephant and Shetland ponies amused the young ones immensely. The Livingstone family of acrobats were very clever and introduced several novelties in the tumbling and balancing line. Mlle. Baritio, the strong lady with the powerful jaws, dose some remarkable things. The riding is above the average. There is a performance this afternoon and another to-night, when it is expected there will be another large crowd. The show is easily worth more than 50 cents.

Law Intelligence.

The Adams v. McBeath appeal is still going on before the full court. Mr. Davie is now arguing his side of the case and will probably take the rest of the day and part of to-morrow.

There are some trials set down for to-morrow, but it is doubtful if chey can be heard, as there will be no judge disengaged, but the judges this morning directed that trials could be heard up to August 13th, and this will no doubt enable the list to be cleared off before vacation begins.

Notice.

Mr. P. Nelson wishes to inform the public that he has a car load of Hams and Bacon and Rolls that was delayed at Winnipeg, which is slightly damaged by mould and which he will offer for sale at below cost, commencing on Friday, 27th July, in the front of Wm. Pottinger's fresh meat shop, City Market Hall. Now is your time to get your Bacon and Hams as it must be sold at once to realize on it. Come one, come all.

PERSONAL.

D. McGillivray, of Kamloops, is at the Oriental.

C. D. Rand, of Vancouver, is at the Driard.

W. G. Ward returned from the Mainland yesterday.

J. P. Booth, member elect for North Victoria, is in the city.

Hamilton Abbott, J. A. Fullerton, James Sclater, J. E. Fagan, E. A. Quigley, R. Robinson and F. Harris, of the C.P.R. and customs service are down from Vancouver to meet the Empress of India.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

Use Findley's Borax Soap
And you will have your flannels soft and white. Try it once and you will use no other.
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Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb., Bags	4½c. per lb
Yellow, according to quality,	3⅞ to 4¼c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5½c. "
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The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.
Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.
Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.
NO CHINESE LABOR EMPLOYED.

The Weekly Times

The Weekly edition of the TIMES is a 16-page paper; containing all the news of the week, general, provincial and city. It is the only independent political paper in British Columbia, and has a very large circulation within the province.

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The following Goods have been received during the last few days:

RATTAN AND BAMBOO GOODS, Great Variety,
WILTON HEARTH RUGS, Special Value,
SEAMLESS WILTON SQUARES, All Sizes,
SEAMLESS TAPESTRY SQUARES, Various Sizes,
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Cut out this coupon and forward, together with 10 cents to the Art Department of this paper, and you will receive one part of CANADA, as per number in upper right-hand corner, by mail, post-paid, or bring the coupon and 10 cents to this office and receive Portfolio.

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Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 16 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may result for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

ARCHBISHOP TACHE'S WILL.

He Owned Nothing, Therefore He Had Nothing to Leave.

The last will and testament of the late Archbishop Tache, of St. Boniface, is probated. It is as follows:

I, the undersigned, Alexander Antoine Tache, archbishop of St. Boniface, in the province of Manitoba, considering on the one hand the certainty of death and on the other hand the uncertainty of last hours desire to take the opportunity of the free enjoyment of my faculties to make my testament, desiring that which follows be considered as my last wishes:

First. I am in the bosom of the Holy Catholic, Apostolic and Roman church. I believe in all its teachings. Such has always been my faith, without doubt, hesitation or restriction.

Second. I commend my soul to God, praying Him to forgive my sins, through the merits of my Saviour Jesus Christ and the intercession of the Blessed Virgin Mary, of the Glorious St. Joseph and my Patron saints.

Third. I ask forgiveness to those I might have offended, grieved, afflicted or scandalized in any manner whatever.

Fourth. I most willingly forgive all that might have been said, written, undertaken or done against me. I have no hatred nor desire of vengeance against anybody whatever.

Fifth. I thank my clergy for their zeal for God's glory and the salvation of souls. I thank them also for the satisfaction they have procured me through their respect and obedience. I say the same to the members of the religious communities devoting themselves to the doings of the Holy Ministry, and to the education and doings of charity of my archdiocese.

Sixth. My gratefulness and affection are due in a special manner to the congregation of the Oblat missionaries of Mary Immaculate. I pray the Very Rev. Father Gerald, and all the congregation to receive the expression of my most deeply felt gratitude for the favor conferred on me personally in my admission to that blessed family which I love so well. My thanks also in my own name, that of the archdiocese, nay of the whole ecclesiastical province of St. Boniface for the good the Oblats have done and are still doing in this province, particularly for their zeal for the conversion and sanctification of the poor Indian nations.

Seventh. I owe nothing, nor own nothing, therefore I have nothing to leave. All the property moveable or immovable I administer is the property of "La Corporation Archiepiscopal Catholique Romaine de St. Boniface," and will continue to belong hereto after my death as during my life. This must be understood not only of the property and capital owing to the said corporation, but also of the property capital in my personal name.

Eighth. I am executor of the wills of Messieurs, George Henry Duchambauch, Antoine Gingras, sr., and Alexander Kittson, deceased. Naturally what belongs to these estates must not be confused, but what belongs to the Archiepiscopal corporation and executors will give this their most considerate attention.

Ninth. The members of my family expect no legacy from me. They know my affection for them and are satisfied with it. Let them receive my farewell with the assurance of my deep attachment; let them pray to God for my soul and live as good Christians.

Tenth. That few debts incurred by me during my administration have been so contracted in the name of the Archiepiscopal corporation and shall be paid by them.

Eleventh. My funeral expenses should be paid by the Archiepiscopal corporation. I desire that my obsequies be as plain as possible, but in perfect harmony with the prescriptions of the liturgy desiring even after my death to show my entire assent to the wise prescriptions of the church.

Twelfth. I beg of the episcopate, the clergy and the faithful of the ecclesiastical province of St. Boniface, to remember me before God in ascending the holy altar and in partaking of the Holy Communion. I ask the alms of four hundred masses as well for the repose of my soul as for the acquittal of promises made or obligations incurred toward those who are no more or have commended themselves to my prayers.

Thirteenth. If my successor should be appointed when I die I ask him to be good enough to attend to the execution of my last will. If, on the other hand, the seat should be vacant, I appoint the Rev. J. S. Richot, parish priest of St. Norbert; Rev. A. A. Cherrier, parish priest of the Immaculate Conception, and Father J. Allard and Vic. Maisonneuve as my executors.

Fourteenth. Eight shares of the Bank of Montreal and four shares of the Bank of Toronto have been deposited with me in trust and at my death become the property of the Sisters of Charity of the St. Boniface general hospital.

Made, signed, sealed with my own hand at St. Boniface, province of Manitoba, Canada, this eighth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-three on the feast of St. Boniface in the presence of Rev. Elie Rocan and Rev. Eugene Gauthier, priests, undersigned witnesses.

REFRIGERATED CARGO.

An Immence Shipment Taken from New Zealand to London.

The steamship Perthshire, which recently arrived in London, has brought from Australia and New Zealand the largest cargo of refrigerated goods ever imported. The cargo consists of 70,000 carcasses of sheep, 9000 haunches, 9000 legs, about 550 tons of frozen beef, 750 cases of butter, 150 bags of bullocks' hearts, 150 bags of oxtails and kidneys and seven cases of oysters. The holds have sufficient capacity to have accommodated 12,000 more carcases of sheep. The shipment is an interesting one, says the London Engineer, as it is the first time that meat has been brought to England from Australia or New Zealand by means of an ammonia machine, and the excellent quality of the goods, as certified by the consignees, is sufficient evidence of the success of the Lynde machines, by which the holds were cooled. Until recently only cold air machines were used in this trade. The ammonia machines occupy far less space and apply the cold in a much more efficient manner, besides greatly reducing the consumption of steam. The plant on the Perthshire consists of two independent refrigerating machines. Each machine consists of a compound ammonia compressor and an ammonia condenser combined on one bed plate, with a compound steam engine. The refrigerator consists of a series of coils of wrought iron tube, wound in long lengths without joint from end to end. There are upwards of eight miles of wrought iron tubing in the installation. The air is circulated by means of fans, which draw the warm air from the hold, pass it over the refrigerator coils and returns it to the holds through suitable trunks. It is claimed for this system that the air is delivered into the holds pure, dry and free from snow or moisture. There are no pipes in the hold whatever. The active circulation of air thus insured enables the temperature to be kept extremely even. The variation between different parts of the hold does not exceed about five degrees Fahrenheit.

PARIS EXHIBITION—1900.

Some of the Features—It will be Varied and Interesting.

Though the next general French exposition is still six years in the future the Paris newspapers are discussing it with almost as much animation as if it were to take place to-morrow, and numberless plans have already been proposed to make it novel and interesting. Though the director was appointed last year the place where it will be held has not been precisely fixed, though it is probable that it will occupy all the site covered by the exposition of 1889, with a part of the Champs Elysees, including the great buildings used at present for agricultural, horticultural and other industrial exhibitions, and by the French artists for the annual display of their pictures.

Some of the propositions made are very curious. Among them may be found the following: An engineer proposes that the key of the exposition be a competition among those interested in lighting by electricity, their ingenuity to be stimulated by premiums for the successful solution of the following problems: First—Transmission of light to a distance. Second—Photographing in colors on paper. Third—Electric lighting by means of rapid electric undulations. The last point needs explanation. If electric currents are established of from 30,000 to 40,000 vibrations a second, it has been found that they can be utilized without danger. Then, having placed plates on the opposite sides of an apartment properly connected with an electrical machine, with a force of 7000 volts, the atmosphere of the room becomes luminous, and non-conducting objects placed between the walls become incandescent. In these conditions light is produced without heat and without conductors. It is desired to put this principle to practical use.

A deputy, Monsieur Del'oncle, proposes a gigantic telescope that shall bring the moon to within a distance of a yard from the eye, a project already declared impracticable by practical astronomers. He has also conceived the plan of a bronze bell weighing 200,000 kilograms—that is considerably over 200 tons—to be placed in a great tower on the site of the Tuileries, to announce the opening of the exposition. The bell of Nortre Dame weighs but twelve tons, and that which the Russians propose to give the French will weigh only 80. A competition of the athletes of the world suggested, with a reproduction of the Olympic games; also an immense fountain in which mercury shall supply the place of the more common and inexpensive fluid in ordinary use.

An eminent electrician, M. Trouve, offers to furnish an illuminated fountain falling from the third platform of the Eiffel tower, whose jets shall rise a thousand feet. The height of the jets of those of the fountain of 1889 was only small. The secretary of the chamber of deputies promises an exposition of the manner in which the legislative power operates in all countries, the way in which he will execute his project not be being definitely explained, and Mme. Pegard, who superintended the French department of the feminine exhibition at Chicago, desires a similar exposition in 1900.

Many of the projects are ingenious, if nothing more, but their realization presents certain difficulties. Camille Flammarion, the astronomer, imagines a representation of the revolution of the earth as seen from the moon, the satellites of our globe being represented by dioramas and the different geological epochs, with their inhabitants by means of wax. An Italian has conceived a plan of an exposition that the visitor can inspect in all its departments, remaining all the time comfortably seated. The bazar of Constantinople will be duplicated if a French baron, an admirer of the Orient, can obtain the requisite space, and two classical Frenchmen dream of a subterranean exposition, copied as nearly as possible from the mythological forge of Neptune, that shall shelter all the arts and industries that occupy themselves with the smelting and fashioning of the metals. It is the idea of an anonymous inventor to surround the first story of the Eiffel tower, which is 190 feet high, with a promenade 60 feet wide, connected with the surface of the earth by means of an inclined bridge. An aerial ferry across the Seine; a huge aquarium, the greatest ever constructed; a captive balloon ascending 3000 feet; a representation of a mine in operation in the quarries of the Trocadero; and a Russian village are among the other projects more or less practical. And four years remain for the reception of proposals before the first strokes of work on the buildings will be really commenced.—S. F. Chronicle.

The value of the umbrellas now manufactured in London is estimated at £500,000, besides a considerable output at Manchester and Birmingham. For the high class trade the wages are good and numbers of women are employed at it. Really quick, clever hands can earn in London from 23s to 42s a week, but unskilled labor is cruelly sweated to produce the cheap, showy articles vended wholesale at 9d each, which find their way into London shops for 1s 1 1-2d each. Mr. Lakeman, in his exhaustive summary of London female labor, says: "In this trade learners are not usual, for they are taught by sweaters in the east end, who take them for a year without wages, and allow us on a week for encouragement. These sweaters take goods from warehouses for very small quotations and pocket the value of the pupils' work, so that they can afford to take work at a very low figure and undersell competitors in the higher scale of manufacturing."

If the care of the hair were made a part of a lady's education, we should not see so many gray heads, and the use of Hall's Hair Renewer would be unnecessary.

Attention

In time to any irregularity of the Stomach, Liver, or Bowels may prevent serious consequences. Indigestion, costiveness, headache, nausea, biliousness, and vertigo indicate certain functional derangements, the best remedy for which is Ayer's Pills. Purely vegetable, sugar-coated, easy to take and quick to assimilate, this is the ideal family medicine—the most popular, safe, and useful aperient in pharmacy. Mrs. M. A. Brockwell, Harris, Tenn., says:

"Ayer's Cathartic Pills cured me of sick headache and my husband of neuralgia. We think there is

No Better Medicine,

and have induced many to use it.

"Thirty-five years ago this spring, I was run down by hard work and a succession of colds, which made me so feeble that it was an effort for me to walk. I consulted the doctors, but kept sinking lower until I had given up all hope of ever being better. Happening to be in a store, one day, where medicines were sold, the proprietor noticed my weak and sickly appearance, and, after a few questions as to my health, recommended me to try Ayer's Pills. I had little faith in these or any other medicine, but concluded, at last, to take his advice and try a box. Before I had used them all, I was very much better, and two boxes cured me. I am now 80 years old; but I believe that if it had not been for Ayer's Pills, I should have been in my grave long ago. I buy 6 boxes every year, which make 210 boxes up to this time, and I would no more be without them than without bread."—H. H. Ingraham, Rockland, Me.

AYER'S PILLS

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Every Dose Effective

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The Grand Prize is a Group of Works of Art valued at $15,700. Subscription tickets for sale at the New Brunswick Royal Art Union Gallery in St. John, N. B. Price $1.00 each. In addition to the monthly chance of winning a valuable prize, the holder of 12 consecutive monthly subscription tickets, will receive an original Work of Art, by such artists as Thos. Moran, N. A.; Wm. H. Shelton and others.

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Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

by a perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men, mind and body. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor! Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go in hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

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5 CONTINENTS VISITED

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Steamship Miowera leaves Southampton about 27th August, 1894.

For particulars apply to GEO. L. COURTNEY, Cor. Fort and Government Streets, or to any Agent of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

TO St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Fargo, Grand Forks Cookston, Winnipeg, Helena and Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED 18 knots — Victoria Route. S.S. "City of Kingston." — TONNAGE 1117

8 30 pm	Lv	M 1	...	*Victoria...	116	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	38		Port Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82		....Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	116		...*Tacoma...	M1	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

* Daily except Monday.

E. E. BLACKWOOD
Freight and Passenger Agent, Victoria, B. C.

A. D. CHARLTON,
Asst. Gen. Pass Agent.
Washington, Portland, Or.

TRAINS DEPARTING ON TIME

Great Northern Railway

THE BUFFET LINE.

Passengers for Chicago can take sleeping car at Seattle through without change. Passengers leave Victoria daily at 7:30 a. m. for Spokane, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Winnipeg, Milwaukee, St. Louis and the east, running Buffet Cars, with bathroom, barber shop, easy chairs, observation windows, library, writing and card tables, smoking rooms, etc., and Palace Sleeping and Dining Cars, Family Tourist Sleepers, and First and Second Class Coaches.

Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

For information or publications apply to

C. A. RATTRAY,
General Agent,
No. 4, Adelphi Block,
Cor. Government Street, Victoria, B.C.

F. I. WHITNEY,
Gen. Pass. & Ticket Agt.,
St. Paul, Minnesota.

The Oceanic Steamship Company

Carrying United States, Hawaiian and Colonial Mails, will leave the Company's wharf foot of Folsom Street, San Francisco

FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, August 4th, 1894, at 2 p. m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Alameda..Thursday, August 23rd, at 2 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English mails

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO.
General Agents.

W. WEBSTER, District Agent.
H. E. CONNOR, Agent, Boston Square, Victoria.
CAPT. WM. WEBSTER
Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

Walla Walla . . . . July 27

E. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 23.

Taking effect June 28th, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 15:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going East Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.
G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19.

To Take Effect at 8.00 a.m. on Thursday October 11th, 1893.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.									SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.								
No. 2 Passenger Daily.		No. 1 Passenger Pt. S. & Sundays.		Miles from Victoria.	STATIONS.				No. 1 Passenger Daily.		No. 2 Passenger Pt. S. & Sundays.		Miles from Wellington.	STATIONS.			
Dp.	8.30 A M	Dp.	3.01 P M		VICTORIA	Ar.	12.40 P M	Ar.	Ar.	12.30 P M	Ar.	3.00 P M		VICTORIA	Dp.	8.30 A M	Dp.
	8.34		3.05		RUSSELLS		12.36			12.26		2.56		RUSSELLS		8.34	
	8.44		3.16		SQUIMALT		12.24			12.16		2.46		SQUIMALT		8.44	
	8.50		3.26		COLWOOD		12.14			11.54		2.36		COLWOOD		8.50	
	8.54		4.00		GOLDSTREAM		11.50			11.50		2.00		GOLDSTREAM		8.54	
	9.01		4.07		BURNSIDE		11.43			11.43		1.53		BURNSIDE		9.01	
	9.07		4.13		GORGE		11.37			11.37		1.47		GORGE		9.07	
	9.11		4.17		TILLICUM		11.33			11.33		1.43		TILLICUM		9.11	
	9.14		4.20		GARBALDI		11.30			11.30		1.40		GARBALDI		9.14	
	9.17		4.23		HILLSIDE		11.27			11.27		1.37		HILLSIDE		9.17	
	9.21		4.27		QUADRA		11.23			11.23		1.33		QUADRA		9.21	
	9.26		4.32		MCKENZIE		11.18			11.18		1.28		MCKENZIE		9.26	
	9.31		4.37		DUNCANS		11.13			11.13		1.23		DUNCANS		9.31	
	9.41		4.47		KOKSILAH		11.03			11.03		1.13		KOKSILAH		9.41	
	9.51		4.57		GLENORA		10.53			10.53		1.03		GLENORA		9.51	
	9.56		5.02		COBBLE HILL		10.48			10.48		12.58		COBBLE HILL		9.56	
	10.07		5.13		MERIDIAN		10.37			10.37		12.47		MERIDIAN		10.07	
	10.18		5.24		CHEMAINUS		10.26			10.26		12.36		CHEMAINUS		10.18	
	10.30		5.36		OSTERMAN		10.14			10.14		12.24		OSTERMAN		10.30	
	10.40		5.46		SIDING		10.04			10.04		12.14		SIDING		10.40	
	10.45		5.51		WELLINGTON	Dp.	9.59	Dp.	Dp.	9.59	Dp.	12.09		WELLINGTON	Ar.	10.45	Ar.
	11.00		6.06		NANAIMO	Ar.	9.44	Ar.	Ar.	9.44	Ar.	11.54		NANAIMO	Dp.	11.00	Dp.

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agent Victoria Station.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

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The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars

Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accommodations for Second-Class Passengers.

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ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. N. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Union Wharf Thursday at 6 a.m. for Nanaimo returning to Union Wharf same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdez Island are discontinued.

For freight or passage apply on board, or at Company's office, Victoria. aug6 tfsu

A Large Line of STRAW HATS Just to Hand. Also a Line of Those Cheap Summer Suits at $7.50 per Suit. See Them. B. Williams & Co., Clothiers and Hatters, 97 Johnson St.

THE ALLEGED SWINDLE.

Different Stories Told About the Englishmen and the Bear's Nest Mine.

Statements That the Mine Was "Salted"—The Treadwells Enter a Denial.

The story of the swindle in the Bear's Nest mine, on Douglas island, Alaska, and of the suit which the English capitalist Renshaw has brought to show up that swindle, will evoke as much interest among mining men as did the great Los Mulattos swindle of a few years ago, and almost as much as did that international scandal, the Emma mine swindle, along in the '70s.

The story of the complaint, as partially detailed in the Examiner yesterday, is that John Treadwell, of Treadwell mine fame, James Treadwell, his brother, Captain James Carroll, of the steamer Queen, M. W. Murray, one of the most prominent of Oakland's capitalists, N. A. Fuller, formerly assistant superintendent of the Treadwell mine, and George J. Smith, a painter of this city, "salted" the Bear's Nest mine, which adjoins the Treadwell, thereby making three English experts believe that it was fully as rich as the Treadwell, and inducing English capitalists to pay $650,000 to $750,000 for the property and sink quite as much more in the enterprise before they found that the mine was absolutely barren.

The story goes into some details of how the prospect pits were salted with Treadwell ore and how a diamond drill core was treated with chloride of gold before the experts had it assayed. Further particulars were given in the complaint and others were told by people who say they are in position to know the facts.

"Is it at all surprising that the experts were thrown off their guard?" asked one of these gentlemen yesterday. "When they came out here they supposed Murray was the sole owner of the mine. They always managed to strike the Alaska steamer, on which James Carroll was captain and F. O. Dowling purser.

"The captain and purser would pass their time telling them wondrous tales of the great Treadwell mine and the big mountain of gold which was being quarried there like a clay bank, and incidentally drop a few glowing yarns of the possibilities of the adjoining Bear's Nest mine.

"Then they would sail up Gastineaux strait, with the city of Juneau on one side and Douglas City on the other, and there to the experts would be pointed out by the entirely disinterested captain and purser the tremendous ledge of the Tradwell. They would hear the thunder of the Treadwell's 120 stamps, and see the men taking out the gold like rock from a macadam quarry.

"Next John Treadwell, the princely mine owner, would genially offer them the use of his mill to make the tests. He would place his superintendent, Fuller, at their disposal. He would send with them his man Archie Campbell. All this time the experts would suppose that Treadwell and Fuller and Campbell were entirely disinterested parties and their suspicions would be lulled to rest.

"Then when Archie Campbell went with them into the pits is it any wonder that he found the very richest ore which he is charged with having placed there? Of course the experts were too easily misled. There was not in this the finesse of fraud which fooled Experts Henry Janin and Dan Gillette in the Mulattos mine. They should have done the work of getting out the ore themselves instead of trusting so much to Archie Campbell. But they had no reason to suppose that any one but Murray had any interest in the property, and had not the least suspicion that the affable men who were doing so much for them were connected with him in any way.

"The treating of the drill ore with choiride of gold was a slicker piece of business. When this core was taken out and dried, and then immersed in the chloride of gold, it absorbed the gold throughout, and the question as to its richness became merely a question of the richness of the solution and the length of time the core was left in it. Then the core could be subjected to heat and all traces of the outside film removed.

"T. J. Sunny is the man charged with doing this work, and he was the man recommended to the expert by Treadwell in order that Sunny, it will be a matter of proof that Sunny got $25,000 for his participation in the swindle, $10,000 of which was hush money.

"After the Englishmen had purchased the mine they went ahead and erected a tremendous mill of 160 stamps at a cost of $300,000. They ran a tunnel about 800 feet at a cost of $16 a foot to tap the ledge. The mill was about complete when on July 4, 1889, the tunnel reached the ledge.

"They pushed the tunnel righ through the ledge, over fifty feet. There wasn't a trace of gold to be found!

"Then the first suspicions arose. But they could be nothing more than suspicions. Miners could all tell them that barren streaks occurred in mines. The fact was that they couldn't find any rock in place about those pits which would yield any more gold. Still, there was a wild possibility that these had been nothing but pockets. Of course such a thing was out of all probability, but there was a saving possibility behind it.

"But how about that core? Of course the gold must be about the place where that drill was sent in 125 feet. But where was the core? It had vanished! It had all been laid out in boxes in sections, each section carefully marked, but when a search was made for it it was gone.

"Still, the place where the drill went in was there yet, most assuredly, and there, at least, the rock was rich. But when the Englismen went to prospect further around the drill hole, lo, the ever valuable Archie Campbell was there on guard, and they were not permitted to go near it. They have not been permitted to go near it to this day.

"The Englishmen were informed that the drill hole was on the Douglas island mine, and not on their mine at all. The Douglas island mine was the next mine to the Bear's Nest on the side farthest from the Treadwell. When the drill was put in the expert was led to believe that it was near the boundary between the Bear's Nest and the Douglas island. As the drill core showed such rich ore they supposed, of course, the ore ran right through the entire length of their ledge from the Treadwell to the Douglas island.

"This last action convinced the Englishmen that they had been swindled. They prospected the Bear's Nest, but never could find anything more than a trace of gold. The great ledge was as barren as a sand dune.

"They looked up some of the loose ore in those pits from which the first mill tests had been made, and concluded from its general appearance that it was ore from the Treadwell mine. They could not find a pound of it in the rock in place.

"All this, however, would not back up a suit at law. The Englishmen were convinced they had been swindled by a cunningly devised scheme, but they couldn't prove it. They talked of suits, and some of the boodle was tied up for a time. But nothing came of the talk. Murray charged his partners 10 per cent. commission for his work, but all the time the interest of the Treadwells, Carroll, Dowling, Smith and Fuller in the Bear's Nest were kept secret.

"It is only within the last eighteen months that the swindled Englishmen began to get any direct evidence of the big fraud. Such things are hard to keep forever. Men will talk, especially when they think the statute of limitations has run against a fraud.

"Somebody has peached. It looks as if it were Dowling, the ex-purser under Captain Carroll. Dowling lives at Portland. He has been having some trouble with the others, and I notice that he is not made a party to the complaint. If he has told all he knows, his story, taken in connection with the circumstances of the case, is apt to make the disclosures of the trial very spicy.

"Muray has gone clean daft they say. I've always thought that this Bear's Nest job was weighing on his mind. All sorts of stories are told of his wild extravagances lately—of his purcahses of cargoes of dynamite, blooded horses, fancy carriages and all manner of useless, but expensive, things for Alaska mines. Some people say he has embarrassed himself by his crazy finaciering, but I think he is rich yet. He has a long purse to draw on, and I believe some of his remaining Alaska mining properties are really very valuable.

"It's a mighty hard looking case, and if Renshaw goes ahead with it some excellent reputations are apt to be badly spattered."

The United States census reports on Alaska have the following comments on the Bear's Nest, after going into a glowing description of the riches of the adjoining Treadwell mine, which netted about $1,500,000 in the years from 1884 to 1890, and is still running at even larger profits:

"The Bear's Nest group, the northwest extension of the Treadwell or Paris property, was sold in 1889 by M. W. Murray and others to the Alaska Gold company. The company erected an eighty-stamp mill and ran a 1200 foot tunnel form a point near the break of Gastineaux channel to crosscut the ledge. An ore body about fifty feet in width was struck, but the rock was too low grade to be profitably worked, and after considerable prospecting work was suspended. During the latter part of 1889 and the spring of 1890 some of the stockholders, not being satisfied as to the worthlessness of the property, expended about $25,000 in further prospecting, when they too quit work, since which time nothing but the necessary annual labor has been done."

John Treadwell, the principal defendant in the suit brought by the English capitalist, A. G. Renshaw, on account of the alleged fraud in the sale of the Bear's Nest group of mines in Alaska, lives at the corner of New Broadway and Clifton streets, beyond the limits of the city of Oakland.

Yesterday he ridiculed the charges made by Renshaw, and declared that if the English capitalist believed the mines had been "salted" he evidently had been imposed upon by Downing, who had been unsuccessfully sued for a share in the property.

"How anybody could believe that a core of solid rock had been 'salted' so as to deceive an expert is more than I can understand," said Mr. Treadwell, "and I never heard of an expert who would take for examination a core that had been packed to the ground and not make any original investigation for himself.

"The allegation made in the complaint about the 'salting' of the Bear's Nest group of mines is entirely untrue. So far as I am concerned, I never paid a cent for working the mines and I never received a cent from the sale of them. I disposed of my interest years before the sale took place.

"There never was any drill run on the Bear's Nest mine. There was a drill on the Douglas island mine, the claim adjoining the Bear's Nest, but the core was not brought to the Treadwell assay office, and no core was treated in the manner alleged.

"The whole story is an infernal lie.

"The statemnt that Archie Campbell and T. J. Sunny have been kept under surveillance and in my employ all these years is another lie. Mr. Campbell has a mine of his own in Alaska, which he has been working for a number of years, and has never been paid a dollar by me for any purpose. Mr. Sunny did not work for me from the summer of 1886 until about two years ago, when I succeeded in getting him to take charge of my coal properties in Alameda country as superintendent. He has never received a cent from me except his salary.

"I regard to T. Currie Gregory, the English expert, who 'came from London to look at the mines,' as the complaint says, the facts are that M. W. Murray, who had the selling of the mines, employed a Dr. Fuller, who was a mine promoter, and Dr. Fuller went to London and made an agreement with a Mr. Haldeman, who is a capitalist, to purchase the Bear's Nest group of mines at a stated price if his expert reported favorably. T. Currie Gregory was the expert and he was employed by Haldeman by the year. He was in Colorado at the time examining the Slide mine for Mr. Haldeman, and the latter wrote to him to meet Dr. Fuller in this country and go with him to Alaska.

"I was in San Francisco making a contract for our second 120 stamps for the Treadwell mine. On my way back, in the winter of 1887, Dr. Fuller, Mr. Murray and this Gregory came on board at Victoria and went up to Alaska. On our arrival at Douglas island, there being no other accommodations, I invited Gregory to stay at my house and he accepted the invitation.

"Two days afterwards he came to me and wanted to have me let him have a mortar to mill five tons of rock from the Bear's Nest. I told him he couldn't tell anything about it after the rock was milled, as we never cleaned the mortars and plates up close, and five tons of low grade rock would run pretty high. But he said he would make his own allowance and was desirous of milling the rock and I consented to his using the mortar. Afterwards he took some men to the Bear's Nest mines and had about five tons of rock blasted out and brought to the mill and milled, all under his own supervision. What he got out of the mill I do not know, but I presume it was according to his own report.

"I left Alaska in December of 1887, and haven't been there since. Experts Dowling and Brereton went there after I had come away.

"As I understand, the Bear's Nest group of mines has never been prospected, nor has anything been done to determine the value. One tunnel was run, but no drifting has ever ben done.

"I sold the Mexican mine, on the other end of the Treadwell, to D. O. Mills and other capitalists. They prospered for four years, by tunnels and drifts, before they put up their sixty-stamp mill, which they completed last summer, and the mine is now paying handsomely."

James Treadwell, a brother of John, says he never had anything to do with the mines in Alaska. Said he:

"All they have accused me of in the complaint is that I knew that the mine was 'salted,' which is utterly false. I never was in Alaska but once in my life. Then my brother was sick and I went up to bring him home. I landed at Juneau and went direct to Douglas island, and remained about three days, while the steamer was going to and from Sitka. Then with my brother I returned to San Francisco. I have not been in Alaska since, and while I was there I did not see the Bear's Nest group of mines nor hear them spoken about.

"I don't know anything whatever about quartz mining, and all my mining experience has been in the cinbar here in California and slightly in placer mining.

"I never had any business transactions with Mr. Renshaw, the plaintiff in this case. On July 19, 1888, the Alaska Gold company was incorporated in Oregon, and to that company Mr. Murray deeded the entire group of Bear's Nest mines. Charles E. Benn, of the firm of Baring, Russell & Co., of London, was the president of the corporation, and F. O. Downing was secretary.

"In January, 1889, Mr. Bean and Mr. Downing went to London, and I understand they interested Mr. Renshaw in the purchase of stock and bonds in the Alask Gold company, on account of which Mr. Renshaw, as I understand, has brought the suit."

As for Murray, his mind is so far gone that his denial would amount to nothing.

Smith, the painter, another of those charged with being in the conspiracy, is off on his ranch trying to win back his shattered health.

Captain Carroll is off on the steamer Queen sailing the inland passage, and the others are not at hand.

The suit is to be pressed with vigor, and some very lively developments are promised, notwithstanding the earnest denials of the Treadwells.

The value of a good name was well exemplified the other day, when a man asked one of our druggists for a bottle of Sarsaparilla. "Whose?" inquired the clerk. "Whose? why, Ayer's, of course. Ye don't suppose I'm going to run any risks with Hannah, do ye?"

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use

IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,

ALBANY, OREGON.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

To those who follow closely the pages of "America Photographed" will be imparted a fund of information in the geography, topography, history and resources of North America that can be acquired from no other single work. It touches alike city, stream, mountain and forest. The almost unnumbered grandeurs of nature and

Most Interesting Works of Man

are pictured by photography and talked about by some of the best writers known As an educator it will be invaluable alike to young and old, yet when its pages bring to view the magnificent engravings, triumphs of the photographer's art and the engraver's genius, the acquisition of knowledge will be rendered a pleasure rather than a task.

NEVER BEFORE

has such a newspaper premium been offered to the public on such terms. You will regret it if you do not secure this Art Album and Educational Storehouse.

The Times this week offers Part 16. Four more numbers will complete the series of 20 Parts. Subscribers who have not yet availed themselves of our magnificent offer, may do so still, as there are a few numbers of the first parts still on hand. When these are all gone we will not re-order.

Address,

TIMES, VICTORIA, B. C.

THE ANNUAL RIFLE MEET

Opening Matches at the Goldstream Range Yesterday Afternoon.

No. 2 Company Again Wins the Laurie Bugle—Other Sporting Events.

Everything was favorable yesterday for the opening of the annual prize meeting of the B. C. Rifle Association. There was no wind and the sun was not strong enough to bother the riflemen. The committees who had charge of the different departments carried out the work mapped out for them without the slightest hitch. There were 55 competitors from the navy, R.M.A., garrison artillery and teams from Vancouver and New Westminster.

The first match on the programme was for a prize presented by Lt.-Col. Peters, D.A.G., for the recruits who had never won a prize. The match was fired at 200 and 400 yards with the short Snider rifle. The following were the winners, those not designated being Victorians:

Prizes.	Score.
$5.00—Tptr. Leslie (Westminster	46
4.00—Gr. Lettice	39
3.00—Gr. Goodwin	39
3.00—Gr. McDougall	38
2.00—Gr. C. H. Butler	37
2.00—Gr. Lawrie	35
2.00—Gr. Durance	34
2.00—Gr. Brimstone	34
2.00—Gr. W. Butler	30

After some extra series firing the Helmcken match was called. This was for the Dorothy medal presented annually by H. D. Helmcken. It was fired with the Martini rifle at Queen's ranges. The list of winners are:

Prize.				
$10 and medal—Sgt. A. Langley	33	29	31	93
10—Dr. Bell Irving, Vanc.	30	33	28	91
8—Bomb. F. Mallandaine	33	30	28	91
7—Lieut. J. D. Taylor	27	33	30	90
6—W. W. B. McInnes	30	31	29	90
6—Gr. W. P. Winsby	28	28	33	89
5—F. R. Sargison	32	29	26	87
5—Dr. G. H. Duncan	29	30	27	86
5—Sgt. A. J. Chamberlin, West.	30	30	27	86
4—Gr. Jos. Burr	29	34	22	85
4—Gr. G. H. Morkill	35	28	21	84
4—Lieut. M. G. Blanchard	24	31	29	84
3—Gr. C. W. Newbury	27	31	26	84
3—Sgt. Maj. A. S. Hunter	28	30	25	83
3—Gr. J. L. Beckwith	28	25	29	82
3—Bomb. A. Martin	28	29	25	82
2—Corp. J. D. Stewart, Vanc.	28	29	25	82
2—Gr. J. McRabble	34	24	24	82
2—Gr. H. Chamberlin, Westr	31	30	21	82
2—Gr. G. Huston, Westr.	24	29	28	81
2—Br. S. A. Fletcher, Westr.	30	22	29	81
2—Gr. J. H. Sharpe, Westr.	25	28	27	80

There were prizes for another series awarded for scores in the same match, restricted to junior shots who had never won a prize $5 or greater. The winners were:

Prize.				
$5—Bombr. F. Mallandaine	33	30	28	91
4—Dr. G. H. Duncan	29	30	27	86
3—Gr. J. Burr, Westr	29	34	22	85
3—Lt. M. G. Blanchard	24	31	29	84
2—Corp. J. D. Stewart, Vanc.	28	29	25	82
2—Senator McInnes	25	30	25	80
2—H. Brocklesby, Vanc.	28	26	26	80
2—Tptr Leslie, Westr	25	33	21	79
2—Lieut. Collard, R.M.L.I.	29	32	18	79

The Laurie Bugle team match was combined with the individual contests in the Helmcken match. No. 2 company again won the bugle, the scores being:

No 2 Company, A team—1st prize, Laurie bugle and $15—Sergeant Langley 93, Gunner Winsby 89, Sergt.-Major Hunter 83, Gunner Martin 82, Gunner McRobbie 82, total 429.

No. 4 Company, New Westminster, A team—2nd prize $10—Gunner J. C. Chamberlin 88, Gunner H. C. Chamberlain 82, Gr. Sharpe 80, Gunner Wilson 80, Gunner Sloan 73; total 403.

No. 4 Company, New Westminster, B team 3rd prize, $5—Gunner Burr 85, Gunner Huston 81, Gunner Fletcher 81, Gunner Leslie 79, Gunner Corbett 68.

The other team scores were: No. 1 Company 390; No. 2 Company, B team, 386; No. 3 Company, 352.

The result of this morning's shooting in No. 5, Nanaimo, match, seven rounds at 400 and 500 yards, which was completed sharp on time, is as follows:

$8.00—Gr. Lettice	66
7.00—Sergt. Langley	66
6.00—Gr. McRobbie	65
5.00—Lt. Taylor	65
4.00—Gr. Beckwith	64
4.00—Lt. Collard, R.M.L.I.	64
4.00—Corp. Stuart	64
3.00—F. R. Sargison	64
3.00—Corp. Quigley	64
3.00—Lt. Blanchard	63
3.00—Gr. H. Chamberlin	63
2.50—A. J. Chamberlin	63
2.50—Br. A. Martin	62
2.50—Dr. Bell-Irving	62
2.00—Gr. Sharpe	62
2.00—Gr. D. Duncan	62
2.00—Br. R. Wilson	61
2.00—Br. Mallandaine	61
2.00—Gr. C. W. Newbury	61
2.00—Senator McInnes	61

The winner of the first prize, Gunner Lettice, is a member of No. 3 Company, B. C. B. G. A., and this is his first year at Goldstream.

Firing in No. 6, Lieutenant-Governor's match, is now in progress.

Brief Locals.

—The circus gives its farewell show this evening. Another large turn out is looked for.

—The C.P.R. Telegraph company has given notice that telegrams for China and Japan will be received only subject to prolonged delays, as the governments are monopolizing the wires for official dispatches.

—Mrs. J. Sinclair, of Spring Bank Farm, Cadboro Bay, died on Wednesday evening. Dr. Earnest Hall held a post-mortem examination last evening and reported that there were signs of arsenical poisoning. The doctor being unable to decide, the stomach was given to the government analyst for examination. An inquest is being conducted this afternoon by the provincial police.

—The meeting of the W.C.T.U. held yesterday afternoon was very well attended. It being the annual meeting reports were received from the different department of work, also from the returning officers, all of which showed that good work is being done. Officers were elected for the coming year as follows: President, Mrs. Gordon Grant, (re-elected); vice-president, Mrs. Jenkins, (re-elected); secretary, Miss R. Smith; treasurer, Mrs. Wm. Grant (re-elected). A public meeting will be held Wednesday, Aug. 1st, at which a synopsis of the year's work will be given as well as speeches by some of the clergymen.

—Despite the numerous warnings, the business of the bunco and sure-thing-men does not seem to be on the decline. The usual contingent are in the wake of the circus at present showing here; yesterday they plied their unlawful trade, and from reports were in some cases very successful. The most serious case reported was that of an old man who was buncoed out of $160. It was the same old game. Several smooth talkers approached him with a scheme in which thousands were to be made out of nothing, and by showing a few $20 gold pieces, they induced the old man to put in $160. His money was no sooner out of his hands than the bunco men disappeared. He is still looking for them. The police are powerless to prevent cases of this kind, but there were one or two "skin" games in progress that should have been immediately shut down, for although they were plainly crooked, many player swere found in the crowd that thronged the grounds.

Nice Covers.

Samples of a very neat portfolio cover for America Photographed can be seen at the Times office. Orders will be received at 65 cents each and covers will be supplied two or three weeks after. The numbers of the portfolios when placed together in this cover will be a handsome ornament to the house.

EMPRESS OF INDIA ARRIVES.

The Opinion of Her Passengers is That China Will Not Fight With Japan.

A Valiant Corean Officer Who is in Disgrace—That Battle With Rebels.

The R. M. ship Empress of India, Capt. Marshall, arrived here to-day at noon, 11 days and 5 hours from Yokohama. She was several days behind time, having been detained at Nagasaki in quarantine for three days. The voyage across was very pleasant in every respect. She had a jolly crowd of passengers aboard, and the voyage was thus made to seem short. She brought no Chinese passengers and at 2 o'clock, after a two hours' stay in William's Head harbor, was permitted to leave. The tender Maude met the ship at the station and brought about 10 cabin passengers ashore. The ship brought a full cargo of freight. The cabin list was as follows: Mr. Barney, Rev. Mr. Belnap and child, Miss Blackmore, Miss Brown, Mr. Burman, Rev. W. Bushell, Mr. Chorlton, Miss Clayton, Mr. Cowan, Mr. S. Dawson, M. le Comte DeDufort, Senor H. E. and Madame Delarez, Miss Edington, Mr. Ellert, Lieut. Fox, Mr. George, Frank Grove, Mr. Graham, E. H. Grimani, Mr. Hart, Miss Hart, Mr. Isgarischeff, Dr. Jackson, Mr. James, Mr. Jeffries, C. E. Jennings, Miss Jenkins, Charles Jung, Miss Lee, Mrs. McDonald, J. McKie, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. McNabb and child, Miss Macphail, W. Munsie, Mrs. D. W. Nichols and three children, Mr. Niclassen, Mr. Page, Edgar Poyser, Dr. Rennie, C. B. Rickett, Mr. Ring, Mr. Ritchie, Capt Saillard, Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Saw, Miss Scriven, Mr. Seel, Thos. Shaw, Dr. Stimson, Miss Stimson, Col. H. H. Tabb, Mr. Morhea, Mr. Claridge, Count Terashima, Mr. and Mrs. Theodor, Hon. S. Tollemache, Miss Underwood, Mr. and Mrs. Conrad Wagen, Mrs. Walker and infant, Lady Maud Warrender and maid, F. C. Vander Byl and servant, P. B. Vander Byl.

Miss Blackmore and Miss Hart are teachers who have been engaged at their profession in Japan for a number of years. The former is from Truro, N. S., and the latter from Ontario. They left the ship here and will remain a few days. Lady Maud Warrender is the wife of the captain of H. M. S. Centurian and is on her way to England. Her husband was formerly on this station and she herself has been here. She left the vessel here for a short stay. Col. H. H. Tabb is on his way to England from his command with her majesty's forces in China. Count Terashima is a member of a branch of the present reigning family in Japan. He is slated for several years' schooling at Washington and Paris. James McKie is with the Hongkong house of Jardine, Matheson & Co. and is on his way to England. Frank Grove is a broker at Shanghai.

The ship brought very little war and plague news. The latetr is diminishing, and the opinion of the pasengers and crew on the Empress is that there will be no war. "Japan," they all say, "is spoiling for a fight but China will get out of the corner diplomatically." Among the passengers aboard the ship was Lieut. Fox, U.S.N., flag lieutenant to Admiral S. Kerrett, just relieved of the command of the Asiatic station and returned. Lieut. Fox spent a month at Chemulp and Seoul. He was there on the U. S. Baltimore and left Chemulpo for Nagasiki on July 3. He saw the Japanese troops landed there to the number of 8,000 and saw the advance on Seoul. He also saw the Chinese transports arrive. He does not believe there will be any fighting. The Japanese are eager but the Chinese will very likely not fight. Lieut. Fox seemed disposed to doubt the reported encounter near Seoul received here by cable since the Empress sailed.

An extra to the Jiji Shimpo sent out on Friday, July 13, announced that the aspect of Korean affairs had undergone a serious change. Three powers, Great Britain, Russia and the United States, which intervened between Japan and China, being favorable to reforms in the Korean government, advised China to co-operate with Japan in carrying out the project. The Chinese government rejected the advice, and the powers desisted from further mediation, and resolved to look on in silence. The matetr now remains to be settled by Japan, China and Korea alone. Japan will push onward her scheme for the reform of the Korean government, and affairs are now in such a state that the only course open to China is to resort to force, if she objects to the action of Japan.

An extra to the Kokumin states that cabinet councils have been held day after day for some time without any definite decision being arrived at, till the afternoon of the 11th, when a council was held in the official residence of Count Ito, at which Count Yamagata, president of the Privy Council, and General Kawakami, president of the general staff board, were also present. It was there and then resolved to send an ultimatum to China. In the event of the Chinese government refusing to accept its terms, the result will be war. The Kokumin avers that it obtained its information from a most trustworthy source.

A dispatch from Chemulpo to the Yokohama Advertiser under date of July 5 says: "The Chinese appear to be holding back from action in Korea for various reasons, one of which is probably the festival in honor of the empress dowager's 60th birthday, and another that the rebellion in Kirin, which was at first though to be a small affair, has turned out to be rather serious. Li Hung-chang is therefore up to his ears in business. The Tongsin men are not by any means yet finished with. Colonel Hong, who was in command of the Korean troops sent to suppress them, reported that he had captured Chenjiu, when as a fact it was evacuated by the rebels. Chenjiu having been surrounded by the royal troops, the Tegoku leaders decided not to bring trouble upon the inhabitants by fighting, so effecting a feint which drew all the royal troops to one side of the town, they quietly made their exit from the opposite side. When the rebels had safely retreated to the hills, the government troops entered the city and, after slaughtering a few harmless inhabitants, the colonel gave out that he had achieved a great victory. Colonel Hong returned to Seoul, and is now in disgrace. Last night the Omi, now an armed cruiser, arrived with about 300 more troops, which are now beginning to land. The United States flagship Baltimore left for Nagasaki for stores, on the 3rd, after making grand preparations to celebrate the 4th here. The Monocacy is expected to leave Shanghai for this on the 7th. The men-of-war in port now comprise one Chinese Armstrong cruiser, the Japanese Yaeyama and Musahi, the French Inconstant, Russian Koreetz and British cruiser Archer."

The following telegram, says the Advertiser of July 16, dated July 12th, has been received from the Japanese counsel at Hongkong: "The number of deaths from July 5th to noon on the 12th was 56; under treatment 150; 18 deaths in the Chinese hospital at Kiuryo were reported. It is very difficult to obtain exact statistics of the plague, but the epidemic seems to have abated to some degree."

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

Matters of Interest Going Forward in the Sporting World.

THE RING.

WELTER WEIGHT CHAMPIONS.

Minneapolis, Minn., July 26.—Tommy Ryan and "Mysterious Billy Smith" will come together for the welter weight championship of America and a purse in the arena of the Twin City Athlete club to-night, and quite a number of sporting men from the outside have arrived to witness the mill. Smith has been training in the club's gymnasium, while Ryan commenced to get into condition at Hartford, Conn., and has been receiving the finishing touches at Lake Minnetonka. Smith's backer, Alf. Kennedy, is confident that his man will win, but Ryan's adherents say that he will prove a far better man than his opponents are willing to concede. There is no doubt that Ryan is a clever boxer and that for nimbleness of feet he has few equals. On the other hand Smith has both strength and endurance, and when he starts his rushing tactics his opponent needs to look out for himself. National interest is attached to the mill from the fact that the welter weight championship is involved, and it is this that has put both men on their mettle, the size of the auditorium precluding the possibility of a large purse. The articles of agreement provide for twenty rounds, but it is taken for granted that if neither of the men is knocked out in this time the mill will be indefinitely extended until one or the other goes to earth for keeps. Both men will weigh in this afternoon at 142 pounds.

CHANCE FOR A FIGHT.

New York, July 27.—Corbett's manager, Brady, who arrived from England last night on the Britannic, was much disappointed when he learned Jackson was not in New York. He declared the chances of a fight between Corbett and Jackson were good, provided the latter wanted to fight.

THE OAR.

EXPLAIN THEIR DEFEAT.

New York, July 27.—The Canadian scullers, Ryan and Wright, arrived on the Britannia. Ryan, in explaining their defeat at the Henley regatta, said at the time he was suffering from muscular rheumatism. He also declared that owing to the wet weather they could not properly train.

YACHTING.

A CRUISE ON SATURDAY.

To-morrow is the yacht club's ladies' day. The yachts, laden with the families and lady friends of the members, will leave in the afternoon for Esquimalt, where they will go into camp until Monday. On Saturday next there is to be a race for second-class yachts.

VIGILANT WILL REDEEM HERSELF.

New York, July 27.—Herreschoff, the designer of the Vigilant, was a passenger by the Britannic. He denied he and Gould had fallen out. The Vigilant, he declared had not had a fair test of her abilities in the tricky waters of the Clyde He predicted that before the season is over the Vigilant will redeem herself.

THE WHEEL.

BRADLEY WAS THE WINNER.

E. W. Bradley, local champion, again [illegible] local riders by leading all in in the mile race at the Hill. He beat E. A. Wolff, (20 yards), S. B. Moody (200 yards), and F. E. Alley (200 yards), easily overcoming the long handicaps. The time was 3.04. Wolff won the quarter mile dash which followed, developing a great burst of speed, and Alley won the mile race which closed the sport.

LACROSSE.

JUNIOR GAME TO-MORROW.

The Stars and the James Bays play at the Caledonian grounds to-morrow afternoon at three o'clock. They have practiced hard for the match and a good, fast game is looked for. They are nearly even in the race for the island intermediate championship. The clubs will line up for the face-off at three o'clock. The standing of the island clubs is below.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	To Play.
James Bay	2	2	0	2
Stars	3	2	1	1
Nanaimo	3	0	3	1

New Westminster will play the same twelve at Vancouver on Saturday that played here two weeks ago.

An Unscrupulous Impersonator.

Denver, Colo., July 27.—A dispatch from Detroit yesterday says that a man has been arrested there on a charge of obtaining money by representing himself as Mr. Hobbs, purchasing agent of the Denver & Rio Grande railroad. At the company's offices here it is said that Mr. Hobbs is travelling in Europe for his health.

City of Pekin Afloat.

Yokohama, July 27.—The steamer City of Pekin, which went ashore in Yeddo bay, has been floated and sailed for San Francisco.

Valises!

..ALL SIZES..

Ten Inches to 24 Inches

..ALL PRICES..

75 Cents to $9.00

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55 Johnson Street.

Cash Grocery

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.
No Chinese Hieroglyphics.
All Goods Sold as Represented.
The Best in the Market.

NEW GOODS.

CHRISTIE, BROWN & CO.'S BISCUITS

Sodas, per lb	10c.
Short Bread	25c.
Cheese Biscuits	15c.
Abernethy	20c.
Cracknel	25c.
Sugar wafers, per box	25c.
Marmalade, per lb	20c.
Oat Meal Biscuits	15c.
Kennel	5c.

R. H. JAMESON & CO.,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

WELLINGTON COAL YARD.

RATTRAY & HALL

Sole Agents R. Dunsmuir & Sons' Wellington Coal.

Special Rates for Carload Lots.

OFFICES: 100 Government Street and 24 Store Street. Telephone No. 83.

Orders Must be Accompanied by Cash

WE GRIND

Special and complicated Lenses for all the leading oculists of Victoria and the Province. Our work is equal in accuracy, quality and finish to the best that can be had ANYWHERE, and our prices are lower than if you sent away for the glasses.

F. W. Nolte & Co.,
THE ONLY OPTICIANS, 37 Fort St.

If you want your glasses neatly repaired bring them to us.

VICTORIA BUILDING SOCIETY.

The half-yearly General Meeting of the above Society will be held at Sir William Wallace Society Hall, Broad Street, on Saturday, 28th July, 1894, at 8 p.m., to receive the Secretary's Semi-Annual Financial Statement and Balance Sheet, and such other business as may be brought before the Meeting; after which the 39th Drawing for an Appropriation will take place. "See that your shares are in good standing."

By order,
A. ST. G. FLINT,
Secretary.

jy23-td

Butter!

Large consignments arriving weekly by refrigerator car.

J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
26 Yates Street.

NOTICE.

The Law Society of British Columbia will receive applications for the office of Law Reporter on or before the 4th day of August, 1894.

J. P. WALLS, Secretary.

ESTATE OF A. J. SMITH.

Creditors' meeting July 30th, at 4 p.m., at assignees' office, 12 Bastion Square. Geo A. Perrin and P. J. A. Schwengers. j21td

Protection Island Coal

Mined by the NEW VANCOUVER COAL CO.

FOR SALE AT THE ROCK BAY COAL YARD

This is positively the best Coal mined in British Columbia.

TERMS STRICTLY CASH.
Telephone 512.

PENDRAY'S EXTRACT OF SOAP

For Stains, Tarnishes, And Kitchen Tables.
For Bell Handles And Stair-rods.
Cleans Rapid, Is Simple and Cheap.
Makes Paint Like New.
It is Acknowledged the Best In the Market.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR PENDRAY'S AND GET IT.

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

PRESERVING FRUITS.....

Peaches,
Apricots,
Pears,

In great quantity for family trade.

BEST GUARANTEED SUGAR AT BOTTOM PRICES.

Erskine, Wall & Co
COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

Cash!

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.... FROM CREDIT TO CASH.

BIG DROP IN PRICES TO SUIT HARD TIMES

Call on us and SAVE MONEY on your GROCERIES.

JOHNS BROS., 261 DOUGLAS ST

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Parisian	July	28
Allan Line, Mongolian	Aug.	4
Dominion Line, Oregon	July	28
Dominion Line, Sarnia	Aug.	4
Beaver Line, Superior	Aug.	1
Beaver Line, Winnipeg	Aug.	8

From New York.

Cunard Line, Lucania	July	28
Cunard Line, Umbria	Aug.	4
White Star Line, Britannia	Aug.	1
White Star Line, Majestic	Aug.	8
American Line, Chester	Aug.	1
American Line, New York	Aug.	8
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Weser	Aug.	8
Nor. Ger. Lloyd, Obdam	Aug.	16
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Aug.	11
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Aug.	18
Allan State Line, California	Aug.	3
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Aug.	17

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 and $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have deposited with the Minister of Public Works a plan and description of a wharf proposed to be erected by me in Constance Cove, Esquimalt Harbor, abutting on part of Section 26, Esquimalt District, and have deposited a duplicate of each in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria and that I have applied to the Governor in Council for the approval thereof.

Dated 25th July, 1894.

JOHN JOSHUA RUSSELL,
Victoria, B.C.

jy30-1m